

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

BLACK PANTHER PARTY

NORTH CAROLINA

PART 2 OF 15

BUFILE NUMBER: 105-165706

BLACK PANTHER PARTY NORTH CAROLINA

FBIHQ FILE 105-165706-8

Section 2

FBI Date: 7/24/69 insmit the following in _ (Type in plaintext or code) AIRTEL (Priority) TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (105-165706) (Sub 8) FROM: SAC, CHARLOTTE (157-6171) (P) BLACK PANTHER PARTY (BPP) SUBJECT: ion Re Charlotte report of SA 5/23/69, and Bureau airtels dated 6/25/69, and 7/17/69. Enclosed for the Bureau are 8 copies and San Francisco 2 copies of 12 letterhead memoranda, three of which concern BPP activities at Charlotte, Greensboro, and Winston-Salem, N. C.) The other 9 contain information as furnished by concerning FFT activities, information where available. The T-symbols used in each LHM identify the same informant and are as follows: nd information focated in , Charlotte, N. C., by request, and information located in protected by request, and information located And information_located in (2/- Bureau (105-165706 - Sub 8) (Encs. 96) (RM) 2 - San Francisco (157-2861) (Encs. 24) (RM) 14 JUL 28 1969 2 - Charlotte (157-61/1)

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	Page(s) withheld entirely at this location in the file. One or more of the following statements, where indicated, explain this deletion.
	Deleted under exemption(s) (b)(2); (b)(7)(c); (b)(7)(x) with no segregable material available for release to you.
	Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to you or the subject of your request.
	Information pertained only to a third party. Your name is listed in the title only.
	Document(s) originating with the following government agency(ies), was/were forwarded to them for direct response to you.
- -	Page(s) referred for consultation to the following government agency(ies); as the information originated with them. You will be advised of availability upon return of the material to the FBI.
	Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s):
	For your information:
	The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages: 105-165706-8-54 page 2

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CE 157-6171

The LHW containing information from CE T-1,
and were classified
confidential, Group I, in order to protect the identities
of these extremely sensitive sources. The unauthorized
disclosure of their identities would be detrimental to the best
interest of the internal security of the United States.

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Approved:	SentM	Per
Special Agent in Charge		



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL RUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

CONTINUENTAL

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

Charlotte, North Carolina
July 24, 1969

BLACK PANTHER PARTY, CHARLOTTE, NORTH CAPOLINA RACIAL MATTERS

The following information concerns the activities of individuals at Charlotte, North Carolina, who desire affiliation with the Black Pahther Party, Berkeley, California:

On December 13, 1968, CE T-1 advised that an individual, known only as had recently contacted the headquarters of the Black Panther Party (BPP) at Oakland, California, and advised that he represented an organization known as the Afro-American Unity Organization, Charlotte, Worth Carolina, which desired to affiliate with the BPP.

was told that it would be necessary for him to forward the amount of \$300 to the national headquarters in order that a representative of the national office of the BPP could travel to Charlotte, North Carolina, to indoctrinate the new members.

furnished his telephone number as and his address as and his telephone number to obtain the necessary funds and recontact the national headquarters.

On December 30, 1968, CE T-2 advised that

Charlotte, Korth Carolina.

Charlotte, North Carolina, had no record concerning the Airo-American Unity Organization at Charlotte, however, advised that JEROME CLIFTON JOHNSON, also known as "The Fox", a Negro male, at Charlotte, North Carolina, reportedly held a meeting on the Johnson C. Smith University camous, Charlotte, North Carolina,

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Pe: BLACK PANTHER PARTY

on December 2, 1968, where he was introduced as a member of the BPP movement.

AVENT, also known as NUNDING, has invited a group of Black
Panther Party members from Charlotte, North Carolina, to
attend a meeting at Greensboro, North Carolina, on

of Greensboro members of the BPP was held at Greensboro, North Carolina, attended by approximately and two individuals from Charlotte appeared. These two individuals, JEROME JOHNSON and BEN CHAVIS, actually arrived too late for the meeting but were greeted as brothers by NUNDING and the others.

American Unity Organization's finances are not known, however, no efforts have been made to gather finances other than the small amounts donated by the members.

on 1969 divised that during were held by members of the Afro-American Unity Organization at Charlotte.

have been scheduled until such time as they obtain their charter from the BPP, Oakland, California.

On February 21, 1969, reported that HAROLD AVENT, reportedly a rield Marshal of the BPP from Greensboro, North Carolina, spoke at a Malcolm & Day Commemoration service at Johnson C. Smith University. During his speech, AVENT was critical of the portraits of white persons hanging on the walls of the auditorium. The people portrayed in these portraits were the founders of the institution, a predominantly Negro college, and AVENT stated the pictures of these white mids should be taken out and burned.



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Re: BLACK PANTHER PARTY

had been isked to annear at the University of North Carolina campus at Charlotte on Monday, March 3, 1969, in connection with a protest rally led by BEN CHAVIS.

to protest the ten demands being made against the university officials and to get recognition of a black student organization on the campus. The constitution and demands made on the university follow the ten point program for black student unions as set out in the Black Panther newspaper.

meeting of the HTP at Greensboro, North Carolina, six individuals from Charlotte, including JEROME JOHNSON and BEN CHAVIS and four others, attended.

The "Charlotte Observer", a daily Charlotte, North Carolina, newspaper, in its issue of March 4, 1969, contained an article which stated in part that about forty (40) Negroes had gathered around the flag nole at the University of North Carolina at Charlotte, shouting "Power to the People" and replaced the United States and North Carolina flags with a black flag. The newspaper article identified the chief spokesman for the group as BEN CHAVIS. The article also states that at approximately 2:00 P. M., on March 3, 1969, the black students began taking posters on the Administration Building windows, some of which were denunciations of North Carolina Governor ROBERT SCOTT, such as "Scott is oinking (pig) in the eyes of the repole." /

During erorted that BEN CHAVIS, Minister of Information for the group at Charlotte, North Carolina, has been observed

with the leadership of the BPP National Headquarters,
Borkeley, California, advised that contacted
the national headquarters in order that he might surchase a
quantity of posters and newspapers. According to CE T-6,
requested 200 copies of the "Black Panther" newspaper
and 20 copies of two different posters be shipped to him at
Charlotte, North Carolina. CE T-6 stated
that also gave his telephone number as

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named advised that he did not care to discuss anything with law officers inasmuch as he considered himself to be a Black Panther. When questioned as to his actual pembership in the Black Panther party stated that he did not have anything official to prove his membership but that he was in fact a member of the Black Panther Party in his heart. He said that he believed in certain things which he refused to enumerate, but he stated that he was willing to die for these beliefs.

When further questioned concerning background information, itated that all background information concerning him could be obtained through contacting EIDETOSE CLEAVER.

In an effort to establish ram ort, was offered a digarette, at which time he refused, stating that he was in training. It was noted that at the time of the contact, was wearing a black bernt, Army Fatigue rants, and black military type jump boots. His hair was morn in a full bash.

that on May 3, 1969, a group of approximately ten Negro males and females gathered at the intersection of caklawn approximately one and one-half hours where they gave the Black fanther salute with their fists in the air and shouted abuse at the policemen patrolling the area, such as "mig" and "honky", and for the policemen to leave the area. A number of individuals had shoulder weapons, such as rifles and shotguns, and machetes.

Charlotto, Jorth Cardina, advised that on the same group of individuals who stage! a demonstration at Beatties Ford Food and caklawn Avenue, conducted firearms practice near the home of Charlotte. This area

CONTINUENTAL

Re: BLACK PANTHER PARTY

was located by a Special Agent of the TBI and numerous empty .22 calibor rifle casings and 12 gauge shotgun shell casings were present in the area. 4

It is noted that on May 6, 1960, a Special Agent of the FRI observed BENJAMIN FRANKLIN CHAVIS, JP., and JEPOME CLIFTON JOHNSON, along wih a group of other persons, milling around the Administration Building at Belmont Abbey Covlege, Pelmont, North Carolina.

On 1969, reported that had nossibly nurchased a number of firearms at local stores in Charlotte.

and advised that JEROME JOHNSON had not been successful in establishing an affiliation with the RPP of California. reported that this delay in obtaining a charter was due to a rurge being conducted within the national RPP to get rid of informants and undesirable characters. stated that the only officers are JEDOME JOHNSON, who holds the position of Area Captain, and RENJAMIN FRANKLIN CHAVIS, JR., who has been designated as the Minister of Information.

On May 13, 1969, stated that there was no charter group of EPF in North Carolina as of that date, however, the group at Charlotte, North Carolina, expects to receive a charter in the near future.

Charlotte, North Carolina, advised that the Afro-American Unity Organization under the leadership of JEROME CLIFTON JOHNSON has planned a rally for Saturday afternoon, May 24, 1969, at the corner of Beatties Ford Road and Oaklawn Avenua in Charlotte.

Stated that the reason for the rally was unknown but

advises that JOHNSON hores for a police confrontation at the time of the rally. JOHNSON and BENJAMIN FRANKLIN CHAVIS, JP., another member of the organization, are scheduled to speak at the rally.

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parking lot until about 4:30 P. M. >

advised that his information reflects that all members are requested to wear black berets, black shirts,

on May 24, 1969.

, advised that the rarking lot of the Pork and Rib Pestaurant, Beatties Ford Road and Oaklawn Avenue in Charlotte, had been cleared of vehicles by 11:45 A. M., May 24, 1969, however, the rally, allegedly to be held from 12:00 Noon to 4:00 P. M., did not occur even though several young Negro males dressed in black berets and about 50 other Negro individuals milled about the

the rally apparently failed was the fact that JEROME CLIFTON JOHNSON was not available to lend his leadership to the group.



American Unity Organization, which is continuing to attempt to affiliate with the Black Panther Party, plans to hold a public rally in Freedom Park on June 22, 1969, beginning at approximately 3:00 P. M. Stated the purpose of the rally will be to solicit funds from those in attendance to be used for attorney fees and defense of members of the organization who were recently arrested in connection with a raid on the group's headquarters in Charlotte. The source advised that BENJAMIN MAIRSTON, a member of the group, will be in charge of the program, will be assisted by SANDRA MCGRUDER, who is believed to be affiliated with the Southern Students Organizing Committee (SSCC).

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advised that the rally was held at Freedom Park, Charlotte, North Carolina, on Sunday afternoon, June 22, 1969, beginning at approximately 3:00 P. M. The rally started with 18 Negroes, four of them females, all dressed in Black Panther regalia and marching to the speaker's stand in column of twos. As these Negroes marched to the speaker's stand they counted cadence, shouted "Power to the People", periodically giving the Black Power salute.

stated that BENJAMIN CHAVIS acted as MC during the rally and introduced the sneakers. One sneaker was VERONICA HAGANS, a member of the Afro American Unity Organization, who scoke for approximately four minutes on the theme of nolice brutality. JAMINI LOVINGTON was then introduced as an individual who had recently been released from Federal custody and could speak with authority on nolice brutality. Thereafter, JOHNI LUNSFORD was introduced as representative of the Students for a Democratic Society (SDS) and he also snoke concerning nolice brutality, and the support of the SDS for the Negro and any other minority race which was being victimized by the nolice and the capitalistic society in which the meanle in the United States are presently living.

Following JOHN LUNSFORD's speech GAIL LUNSFORD was introduced as a representative of the SDS and she spoke concerning women's liberation. WORTH KITSON was introduced as a member of the SDS and gave a speech demanding immediate withdrawal of all United States troops in Vietnam, abolishment of the Selective Service System, and support of the Black Brothers in Furtherance of the Workers Revolution. U

It is noted that on June 6, 1969, in United States District Court for the Western District of North Carolina at Charlotte, North Carolina, Civil Action Number 2490 was filed by GEORGE S. DALY, JR., attorney for the plaintiffs, which is a complaint and motion for temporary restraining order and preliminary injunction. Plaintiffs were listed as BEN CHAVIS, and wife JACQUELINE CHAVIS, JAMES COVINGTON, JR., THOMAS COLEMAN, VEPONICA HAGAMS, Mrs. MENTZIE JOHNSON, COLORUL KENNEDY, MARY SMITH, ART LYNCH, JR., CORNELIUS WATSON and V.

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PO: BLACK PANTHER PARTY

HUGH G. CASEY, JP., next friend of TONY ALFRED, ANGELA COLEMAN, JOHNNY LEE DOUGLAS, G. BENJAMIN HAIRSTON, MICHAEL LANEY. RUDCLEW MASH and ALTID JOHNSON. Defendants were listed as J. C. GOODMAN, JR., Chief, Charlotte, North Carolina, Police Department, and other members of that department; L. A. KELLY, JR., Chief, and other members of the Mecklenburg County, North Carolina, Police Department; an Agent for the North Carolina State Bureau of Investigation; a S~cial Agent of the Alcohol, Tebacco and Firearms Division, United States Treasury Department; and an Agent for the Federal Bureau of Investigation. The complaint sets forth that the plaintiffs, with the exception of Prs. CHAVIS, Hr. COLEMAN, and Hrs. JOHNSON, froment the "Peoples House" at 316 South Turner Street, Charlotte, North Carolina. "A Voluntary Congregation of Individuals Concerned with Improving the Lot of the Black Race, who are actively preparing themselves to a mly for membershi: in the Black Panther Party. The rules, eletium, and control committee of the Black Panthuc Party are set forth in the a wordix as taken from The Black Ponther', Amil 20, 1969, Jauns 21 and 22 (a rublication of the Black ranther neeseator, 3106 Chattuck Avenue, Darkelov, California.)" The complaint alleges barassment by local, state and Federal law enforcement of ficials of the plaintiffs at/

PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY.

The following is a list of mersons reported as being members or motential members of the Afro American Unite Organization, Charlotte, North Carolina, which encur is the obtion to affiliate with the place of the factor to ty, Berkeley, California:

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RE: BLACK PANTHER PARTY

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following poster being passed out in Charlotte, North Carolina:

Kall Dote: Moy 24, 1969 lime: 12-4 Place: Chicken and Ribs Corner of Beathesford Rd. and Doklown. Sponsor: Citizens of the Black Community who are interested in Draganizing a Black Ranther Party. "Power to the People"

CHHIENTA!

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BLACK PANTHER PARTY

According to its official newspaper, the Black Panther Party (BPP) was started during December, 1966, in Oakland, California, to organize black people so they can take control of the life, politics, and the destiny of the black community. It was organized by BOBBY GEORGE SEALE, BPP Chairman, and HUEY P. NEWTON, BPP Minister of Defense. NEWTON is presently serving a sentence of 2 to 15 years on a conviction of manslaughter in connection with the killing of an Oakland police officer.

The official newspaper, "The Black Panther," which further describes itself as the "Black Community News Service," states that the BPP advocates the use of guns and guerrilla tactics in its revolutionary program to end oppression of the black people. Residents of the black community are urged to arm themselves against the police who are consistently referred to in the publication as "pigs" who should be killed.

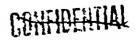
"The Black Panther" issue of September 7, 1968, contains an editorial by BPP Minister of Education, GEORGE MASON MURRAY, which ends with the following:

"Black men. Black people, colored persons of America, revolt everywhere! Arm yourselves The only culture worth keeping is a revolutionary culture Change. Freedom everywhere. Dynamite! Black Power. Use the gun. Kill the pigs everywhere."

Included in the introduction to an article appearing in the October 5, 1968, edition of "The Black Panther" is the statement, "...we will not dissent from American Government. We will overthrow it."

Issues of "The Black Panther" regularly contain quotations from the writings of Chairman MAO Tse-tung of the People's Republic of China and feature MAO's statement that "political power grows out of the barrel of a gun"

The national headquarters of the BPP is located at 3106 Shattuck Avenue, Berkeley, California. Branches have been established at various locations throughout the United States.





APPENDIX

SOUTHERN STUDENT ORGANIZING COMMITTEE (SSOC)

On November 1, 1966, a first source advised that the Southern Student Organizing Committee (SSOC) was formed on the weekend of April '-5, 1964, to stimulate activity of Southern Student groups in areas ficivil rights, peace, academic freedom, civil liberties, capital runishment, and unemployment. Originally, it was to be a white counterart of the Student Nonviolent Coordinating Committee (SNCC). It has greed to work with similar interested groups such as SNCC and Students or a Democratic Society (SDS) and Southern Conference Educational und, Inc. (SCEF). SSOC is a fraternal affiliate of the SDS.

Beginning in the Fall of 1966, SSOC became a membership organization and embarked on a campaign to form local chapters on arious college campuses throughout the South. SSOC publishes, October through May each year, a publication, "New South Student," which according to the above source has increasingly espoused and defended the pro-Communist and anta-United States position on domestic and foreign policy.

On July 2, 1968, a second source advised that SSOC continues to be headquartered at 1703 Portland Avenue, Nashville, Tennessee, and continues to defend and espouse the pro-Communist and anti-United states position with particular emphasis on attacking United States policy in Vietnam and emphasis on attacking the Selective Service system. Source two noted that SSOC Chairman Thomas N. Gardner in the Summer of 1967 traveled to Prague, Czechoslovakia, where he met with representatives of the National Liberation Front (NLF) and the Demogratic Republic of Vietnam (DRV), and that SSOC staff members Bruce Smith and Alan Levin traveled to Cuba in the Summer of 1967 and February, 1968, respectively.

By letter dated April 26, 1968, on SSOC letterhead mailed to the general SSOC membership over the signature of Mike Welch, Executive Secretary of SSOC, it was appeared that as a step toward close relations with the Students for a Democratic Society (SDS) and better communications with the movement nationally, SSOC and SDS have worked out an exchange of the "New South Student" and the "New Left Notes," and that SDS and SSOC were exchanging contact lists of their respective memberships for this exchange.

The May, 1968, issue of "New South Student" indicates that the SSOC mailing address is P. O. Box 6403, Nashville, Tennessee, 37212, Felephone Number 615-291-3537, and the mast-head described the organization as "An association of young concerned Southerners dedicated to social change," as taken from the preamble of the SSOC constitution.



SOUTHERN CONFERENCE EDUCATIONAL FUND, INC. (SCEF); "THE SOUTHERN PATRIOT" (SP)

An article in the December, 1967, issue of "The Southern Patriot" (SP) commemorating the twenty-fifth anniversary of the publication with that issue recites the following:

The Southern Conference for Human Welfare (SCHW) was organized in 1938: SP, started in 1942 as the publication of SCHW, was taken over by the Southern Conference Educational Fund, Inc. (SCEF), in the late 1940's when SCHW went out of existence. SCEF, originally the "educational wing" of SCHW, continued as an independent organization. For almost two decades, concern of SCHW and SCEF was with racial segregation and oppression of black people. In 1964, SCEF recognized that the legal back of segregation had been broken and economic and political gains were necessary if Southern life was to change. In the past few years, SCEF has also supported battles for academic freedom and the Southern movement for world peace.

The Southern Conference for Human Welfare (SCHW) was cited as a Communist front by the House Committee on Un-American Activities. House Report 592, June 12, 1947. In the same house report. "The Southern Patriot" was cited as an "organ" of the SCHW.

The September. 1967, issue of SP refers to SCEF as a "community of organizers and writers" stating its work as centered in organizing the poor in Appalachia for political and economic power. helping white people in the Deep South find a common cause with black people, helping local groups organize action for peace and working for abolition of the "House Un-American Activities Committee."

The Masthead of SP in its April, 1968, issue states "The Southern Conference is dedicated to ending racism, poverty, and other injustices in the South; it opposes war as an instrument of national policy."

Listed in the Masthead arc SCEF officers consisting of eight executive committee members, four executive staff members



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headed by Carl and Anne Braden, five office staff members and fourteen field staff members and two "Eastern Representatives."

Mrs. Alberta Abearn, 2311 Payne Street, Louisville, Kentucky, a self-admitted former member of the Communist Party (CP), Louisville, Kentucky, testified on December 11 and 13, 1954, in Jefferson County, Kentucky Criminal Court in a State sedition prosecution against Carl James Braden. She identified Carl James Braden and his wife, Anne McCarty Braden, as having been known to her as members of CP from January, 1951, to December, 1954.

A source advised on March 2, 1961, that Claude Lightfoot, a Communist Party functionary, stated at a meeting of the CP in Baltimore, Maryland, on February 25, 1961, that the CP has some indirect influence in SCEF.

A second source, familiar with some phases of CP activity in the New Orleans area, advised on June 3, 1966, that during the time that the SCHW was in existence, members of the CP were members of and worked actively in the SCHW; however, since the formation of the SCHF, CP members have not been encouraged to work in the SCEF. The source stated that the SCEF is a progressive, liberal organization because it has gone along with the CP on certain issues, particularly on the racial issue.

A third source advised on May 25, 1965, that George Meyers, a CP functionary, expressed great admiration for Carl and Anne Braden and SCEF, which they head. He said SCEF is the best organization in the South as far as doing effective work is concerned and that they have a better idea of what they are doing, where they are heading, and they influence other organizations for the better

The second source also advised on June 3, 1966, that many people who are officials and supporters of the SCEF, while liberal in their views, are by no means Communists.

The April, 1968, issue of SP states that the editorial and business offices of SCIF, publishers of SP, are at 3210 West Broadway, Louisville, Kentucky; office of publication, 150 Tenth Avenue, North Nashville, Tennessee; Eastern office, Suite 412, 799 Broadway, New York, New York.

APPENDENTAL.

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APPENDIX

STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY (SDS)

The Students for a Democratic Society (SDS), as it is known today, came into being at a founding convention held at Port Huron, Michigan, in June, 1962. The SDS is an association of young people on the left and has a current program of protesting the draft, promoting a campaign for youth to develop a conscientious objector status, denouncing United States intervention in the war in Vietnam, and to "radically transform" the university community, and provide for its complete control by students. Gus Hall, General Secretary, Communist Party, USA, when interviewed by a representative of United Press International in San Francisco, California, on May 14, 1965, described the SDS as a part of the "responsible left" which the Party has "going for us." At the June, 1965, SDS National Convention, an anti-communist proviso was removed from the SDS constitution. October 7, 1966, issue of "New Left Notes," the official publication of SDS, an SDS spokesman stated that there are some communists in SDS and they are welcome. The national headquarters of this organization as of July 24, 1968, was located in Room 206, 1608 West Madison Street, Chicago, Illinois.



STUDENT NONVIOLENT COORDINATING COMMITTEE SNCC

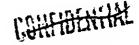
The Student Nonviolent Coordinating Committee (SNCC), headquartered at 360-362 Nelson Street, S.W., Atlanta, Georgia, is a nonmembership organization, which was born out of the sit-in movement that erupted across the South beginning in 1960.

Today SNCC identifies itself as an organization in the revolutionary vanguard. It advocates that to be successful it is necessary to develop a revolutionary ideology and revolutionary program

According to SNCC, the year 1967 marked a historic milestone in the struggle for the liberation of black people in the United States and the year that revolutionaries throughout the world began to understand more fully the impact of the black movement. SNCC declared that "liberation will come only when there is final destruction of this mad octopus - the capitalistic system of the United States with all its life-sucking tentacles of exploitation and racism that choke the people of Africa, Asia, and Latin America. The realities of black life, together with the recognition instilled in SNCC workers forced its members to further popularize the legitimacy of self-defense and rebellions when oppression became too great."

From May, 1966, until May, 1967, Stokely Carmichael was National Chairman of SNCC. As of July, 1968, Carmichael resided in Washington, D. C., where he was affiliated with SNCC and active as temporary chairman of a black coalition group. In May, 1967, Carmichael was replaced by Hubert Geroid Brown, commonly known as H. Rap Brown, who served until June, 1968.

In June. 1968, at the Staff and Central Committee meeting of SNCC held in Atlanta, Georgia, it was decided to restructure the organization by equalization of responsibility by creating ten deputy or vice chairmanships. The primary purpose for this change is to take law enforcement pressure off any single individual





UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION Charlotte, North Carolina

In Reply, Please Refer to

Title

BLACK PANTHER PARTY.

CHARLOTTE, NORTH CAROLINA

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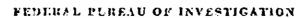
RACIAL MATTERS

Reference

Memorandum dated and cartismed as above at Charlotte, North Carolina.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

This document contains natther recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the propert of the FBI and is looned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.



In Rophy Please Refer to File No.

Charlotte, North Carolina July 24, 1969

CONFIDENTIAL

BLACK PANTHER PARTY (RFP) GREEKSWING, NORTH CAROLINA RACIAL HATTERS

A. Organizational Letivities and Connections with Plack Fasther Party (EPP) Headquarters, Borkeley, California

On Jenuary 13, 1969.

information: ..

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A & T State University Campus with LATE FATALES ANDWA.

A & T State University Campus with LATE FATALES ANDWA.

FREETRE Party and had come from New York or New Jersey with LATE BROWN upon FRONK's return to A & T State University siter the Christma vacation.

bad furnished with a copy of a perfor which had appeared on A is a basic university bulletin boards urging support of BRIC BROUG in his opposition to having been supported from A & T State University.

discreptive comback and discrete by notivity on the companisher before the torribuse haliday. Photon had led a group of eight or too other hope students, and they had done considerable damps in the two dining halls at the school. They had broken up dishes, turned over tables, ato., and for this discretely contest.

The same of the reality of their

THE COURTER ART FOR TO THE DISTRIBUTE AND THE THE PROPERTY OF THE COURTER AND THE PROPERTY OF THE COURTER AND THE COURTERS ARE NOT TO THE DESIRED COURTER YOUR ACTION.

GROUP I
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DECLASSIFICATION

105-16106-8-54

CONFIDENTIAL

RE: BLACK PARTHER PARTY (BPP) GREENSBORO, HORTH CAROLINA

Christmas holidays, BROWN had brought along HAROLD AVANT, and these posters had appeared on the bulletin boards.

EROWN was on the poster and then an appear to the students to come to BROWN's aid in his fight against suspension.

that a houring had been held, and EMOWN has been re-instated at A & T State University. BROWN had also asked for use of the auditorium in the Student Union Building for AVANT to speak to the student Lody.

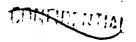
however, that he understood AVALT had gone into one of the downliteries and talked with the students \mathcal{M}_i

further had been advised by
a Regro active in anti-poverty work in Greensboro, North
Carolina, that AVANT is a member of the Black Panthors, and that
had seen AVANT hanging around the Carolina Peacenther
elites, at \$149 Gerrell Street, Greensboro, North Carolina.
had told
what he was quite concerned about AVALT
and his ectivities in the vicinity of A & T State University.

On January 15, 1939,

advised FilC Probable and AVART have been seen by him wearing Black Fauther buttons on their lapels and also he has seen two or three other students at A & T State University and a couple of girls from Bernett College who are wearing such buttens. AV/ his not living on comput but apparently is claying somewhere nonely and has been observed a number of occasions on the compas. He deperred AMANT as a Mogro mile, about 6 fest 1 inch tall, weighing 230 younds, an estimated age of 26 to 27, with a large head and his head as completely covered by a big full Afro-bush type hairent and bound. He said AVAHT's complexion is medium durk, and he understood that AVART was cither from New Jersey or law York; and the impression that had was that perhaps he was now portage for the Elack Fasthers who would be into an error and stry for a chort time and then have on. Be mind it is did not know whose AVART was strying in Communities, but he privared that Maid broth has Ross 10th in Scott in it of A & T State Polyarsity.

by Special Agents of the MAX of John F. Pembedy Akaponi, Ray North



GONFIDENTIAL

RE: BLACK PARTHER PARTY (BPP)
GREEUWORD, FORTH CAPOLINA

City, New York, for violation of Title 49, United States Code, Section 1472, Crips Aboard Aircraft - Carrying Concepted Weapons. 1/2

At the time of their arrest, had in his pussession an attache case which contained numerous rotes and other materials. Also contained in a separate section of the attache case appeared a list of documents with a handwritten "Project #3" printed at the top of each document. Included, among other documents, was a "Fact Sheet on the Case of Bro. Eric Brown", which is set forth hereafter:

"This statement is being issued to give the students the fact involved in the case of Bro. Eric "B. Brown.

"On Monday night December 3, 1968, following the speech of Dro. Calvin C. Matthews, President of S. G. A., amounced that as of 7:09 A.M. Wednesday, December 11, 1968, a boycett of all classes would go into effect. The boycett was called to give students ample time to draw up a list of demands that would be given to the administration on Friday, December 13, 1968.

"On Thursday; December 12, 1960, bother 4:00 P.H. and 4:30 P.H. a spentaneous disturbance crupted in Unrphy Hall. During the disturbance trays of food were therein on the floor and tables and chairs were ever turned. After devastating Hurphy Hall, the frustrated students then preceded to Brown Fall amount 4:45 P.H., whereupon they commenced to turn over trays tables and chairs there too.

what the time of the first incident, it must be made quiet elear, that Bro. Eric P. Brown was in a conference with Bro. Willie Drahe, Vice President of S. G. A. The conference lasted from around 3:50 P.M. to 4:00 P.M. Upon leaving Bro. Drake, Bro Brown heard the news of the disruptive actions taken by students in Purphy Hall. He immediately proceeded to Enryby Dail to with made, the incidents. With things having subsided at Enryby Hall, Bro. Brown headed for Brown fall to get disnow.

While standing in line at Brown Pall, the conditional charged students from Murrhy Hall come into Brown Will and began to disrupt the entiry facilities there.

Z/ = -3.

COMEDENTIA

RE: BLACK PARTHER PARTY (BPP) GREERSBORD, NORTH CAROLINA

"At that point, Bro. Calvin C. Natthews entered Brown Hall and proceeded across the room and singled out one brother who had thrown his tray on the floor. He then throw a scries of blows to the brother (unknown). Bro. Brown along with some other students immediately sought to restrain Bro. Hatthews. Bro. Natthews was finally removed from the dining hall ()

"That night about 7:00 P.M., a meeting was called to give a progress report on the beyout.

"Prior to the progress report, Bro. Brown, along with some other brothers, tried to talk to Brother Matthews to warn him that such incidents would cause student divisions. Unfortunately, Brother Eatthews was emotionally up set at that time. The brothers could not come to an agreement.

"When Matthews addressed the student rally that evening, citing the cafeteria incident, he asked for all radicals to stand. After no one steed Brother Brown attempted to get the floor. He was pointed out as a 'radical' at that time.

"On Friday, Dec. 18th Bro. Brown received the following letter:

"'Pear Er. Brown

"You have been charged with a very serious infraction of regulations and standards of the University. Specifically, you are charged with defacing property of the University and disorderly corduct. Especially is your case a very serious one because of a deliberateness taken on your part to insight others to follow your actions. You have been suchooded to this office for a hearing to face these charges and to receive judgment as the facts in the case dictate.

"'Very Sincerely yours

J. E. Maraball Draw of Student Affairs'

"On the following Tuesday a so-enfled bearing took place. Although Evo. Brown had 155 without to

CONCIDENTA

CONFIDENTIAL

RE: BLACK PANTHER LARTY (BPP) GRIEBORO, KORTH CAFOLINA

"prove his innocence, two hand-picked students and kangargo procedures found him guilty.

ETHEŠE FACTS SHOULD SPEAK FOR THEMSELVES!!!!!!!!

depised that on 1963, a proting of the EPP was held .

Greensboro, North Carolina. The meeting the attended by persons and the instructor was HAROLD AVANT, who demonstrate himself as a Section Chief and teacher of the BPP. This was one of a group of weekly training sessions to be presented for new BPP members. EAIC BROWN was identified as the Captain for the Greensboro, North Carolina, area and

According to the regular weekly meetings of the BPP in Greensboro continued with about the same number of persons present during 1269.

Robbit AFORD was designated as First Lieutenant. F. L. J. (U)

On April 71, 1969, CE T-6 reported that an individual identifying himself as the Greenshere, North Carolina, contacted the BPP National Resognanters, Barkeley, California, and unconducted by persons at the national headquarters that he has no authority at this time to organize a BPP chapter. Indicated that he and another BPP brother whom he did not name, had traveled to North Carolina from New York, specifically to organize the North Carolina chapter of the BPP. As of my 21, 1960, the North Carolina, were not aware of any observer being issued to the BPP in North Carolina.

ETHE BEOWN, who calls bimself the Area Captain for the EPP, in North Carolina, he has determined that BROWN considers approximately 35 people in Greensboro to be mombers of the EPP.

B. Publications

furnished a copy of the following leaflet which was banded out by MANOLD AVANT at a BPP meeting in Greensbore. Howth Carolina, on

HEVER, HEVEE SUPPERDUR PROTHERS FORER TO YOU

All Panthers in training (P.I.T.) are required to learn all Panther policy and program in a sixs week period, before moving on to the next stage. You must discipline yourselves to concertrate because revolution is not a party or a joke. There will be no revolution without a revolutionary party. The Black Penther Party is truly a revolutionary party. We must work very hard. Please feel free to ask about anything you don't understand and don't be affaid to challenge your instructor on any point.

Additional district and an angle of the contract and an all and an all and an all and and an all and and an all an all and an all an all and an all an all and an all an all and an all an all an all and an all an

You must memorize and understand the TEH POINT PROGRAM.

You must memorize and understand the POINTICAL DIFTENTIONS.

You must memorize and understand the 3 RULES OF DYSCIPLING & 8
POINTS OF ATTENTION.

You must obtain or liberate a copy of CHALPHEN MAG ISE-IVEG QUOMNITION (REDBOOK).

You must obtain or liberate a PERET.

During the sims week training period you will be put through feet and given special assignments to test your fiber. You will be expected to do some community work and help get together a community organisational chart. We must always have the respect of the community. A Panther must always carry him self like a gentlemen. We are the peoples heroes and the peoples liberation force. The first army that black people have ever had.

RRECEDED TORNERS TORRES ARRECTORES AND ALLEGA DA PARES AND ALGORIA CONTRA LA CONTRA CO

ALL POWER TO THE PEOLEE. POWER TO BLACK PROPLE. POWER TO THE VANCHARD POVERERS

RE: REACK PANTHER PARTY (BPP)
GLEENSBORO, NORTH CAROLINA

On April 12, 1969, CE T-9 advised that W. E. M. BRYANT, Jh. his opened a shop on East Market Struck, Tracrebour, where half members hang out. At this shop, ERYANT sells all sorks of literature, including the BPI newspaper and various publications and material of black culture.

On April 30, 1969, CE T-11 advised that the house of NEUSI LMOJA, 1621 East Market Street, Givensboro, North Carolina, is a market place for black cultural items.

On April 21, 1969, CE T-6 reported that an individual known only as Brother believed to be operating a bookstore in Greensboro, North Carolina, had inquired of the national headquarters of BPP about shipments of the Black Fanther newspaper.

C. Finances . Hina

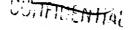


On May 6, 1969, CE F-13 reported that W. H. M. ERYANT, JR. calls his bookstone "WESUI UNOUA". This morns "Black Power" in Suchiti.

Cal Harry F man and a series of

reported, concerning finances of the Der at Greenspore, and the only fund-raising activity known at Greenspore was that of raising bond money for FRIO PLURICK DROWN, the Area Capitain who was

On May 13, 1969, and advised that on May E, 1969, a meeting was held at A and T State University campus, Greenabore, North Carolina, where the statement was made that the her in North Carolina has enough money for their elector, amount not given, but they maded more mosey for traveling expenses.



D. Acquisition of Weapons and Other Paraphernalia



meeting wat held on and HAROLD AVANT said that on January 31, 1969, a training session on guerilla tactics was held on the campus of A and T State University. AVANT also stated that their goal in Greensboro was to get all white merchants off East Market Street, starting with boycotts and if that does not force them to move, the EPP would do the "next best thing", which obviously meant tearing the place up or burning it down. U

On advised that on a BPP meeting was held

are used the recent takenver at Duke University by black students and said the problem could have been eliminated a lot quicker if the black brothers and sisters had had ammunition to fight off the police officers. AVANT stated that the black man should have machine gums or any other gums to evercome the "pigs". AVANT said that he wanted to get his hands on some sort of sub-machine gum, at least .45 caliber.

ERIC BROWN and ROBERS EVANS, both PPP members, went to Palit's Department Store in Greensboro and wanted the manager to furnish donations of clothing from Palit's for the PPP members. Is the same day, four Negro in les, two of whom were Backs are EVANS, again approached the manager of Palit's and very refusedly

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-CONFIDENTIAL

RE: BLACK PARTHER PARTY (EPP) GRUGHSTEDRO, NORTH CAROLLOW

After being refused, the four Negro males then asked the manager if he knew what had happened to Sid's Curb Market and were told that the manager did know about the fact that the curb market had been ransacked by a bunch of Negro males but he was not going to give them anything, even after being threatened, we

Market had identified ERIC ENOWN as one of the militants who had come into his store on Ibrch 13, 1989, and ransacked it.
BROWN was the individual who took some \$400 from the cash register during this incident and has subsequently been convicted of common-law rebbery; however, he has appealed the conviction.

bas a .357 callbor lagrica revolver which he carries on some occasions (4)



1969, indicated he had been out shooting with a shiften but did not say where he had gotten the shotpun or arountition.



On 1969, repeated that which prophilips in obtaining norm

by said what he is anxious to get hold of sere goes by and the franchist he has been successful in asing so. (4)

CONTRACTOR!

RE: BLACK FARTHER PARTY (BPP)
GREENSBORO, NORTH CAROLINA

E. Activities

on February 6, 1969.

advised that during a sit-in conducted at A & T State University, Greensboro, North Carolina, on February 5, 1959, an individual claiming to be a BPP member upset the students involved in the sit-in and they ceased their activities a short time later. (4)

On February 5, 1969. advised that the BPP species who addressed the A & T State students on February 5, 1969, during the sit-in was HALOLD AVANT, also known as Nunding. 647

Durham, North Carolina, reported that three hages writer were observed getting out of a Volkswagen and going to the edge of a building on the bulks campus where it appeared they were pilling leaves against the side of the building. On investigation, one of the Norroes ran but the other two were identified as Greenshore. Morth Caroline, and the other as born of Greenshore. Both and refused to identify the third individual who had fled end since no violetten could be proven, they were released.

In connection with the woluntarily appeared at the Greensbeve, North Carolina, Resident Agency of the For en April 18, 1969 and stated that he understood the For had been conducting an investigation concerning him, were very into ipercut and expressed anger because of the state of investigation, because of the state of the state

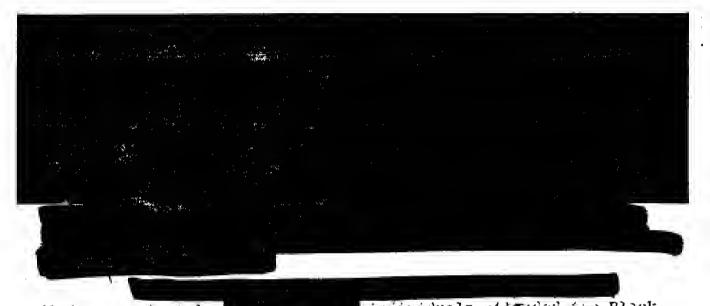
ministed that the black people are in a war with the white reac because of the injustices which white propher.

-30.

RE: REACK PARTIER PARTY (BPP)
GREENGEORO, NORTH CAROLINA

have perpetrated against the black people during the past several centuries. He stated that the Constitution of the United States is a "lie" because it does not provide for freedom of all people and that the Marxist-Lenin philosophy has, as expressed by the Chinese, the proper form of government (c)

stated that he is from Procklyn, New York, and that his home address formish any additional background information.



thet approximately individuals attended the Black Frather Party meeting at Greensbero, North Carolina. To said a number of other individuals came and went during the evening but about there present when PAROLD AVANT conducted the training program.

In a law identified the individuals from the being in situade fee and sisted three individuals from the left of those individuals as and said was accompanied by a Regro male and a Regro female, whose identifies he had not learned.



RE: DEACE PARTHER FARTY (BPP)
GREEFFOORO, FORTH CAROLINA

TANTERS, and RELSON JOHNSON. (4)

On February 22, 1960, advised that on February 21, 1960, memorial ceremonaes for BALCCLB X, were held at the Windsor Community Center, Greensbore, North Carolina, attended by students of A & T State University, University of North Carolina at Greensbore, and Bennett College, plus some high school students. CECIL ROUSON, a former body guard of BALCOLD X, gave a speech stating the reason MALCOLD X was assessing to was because he was making too much progress in getting the black men tegether. HAROLD AVANT also speke and said that the police officers observing the ceremony were a bunch of pigs. AVANT urged all Esgrees to get a "piece", meaning a gun, and to use it when necessary.

information on the location, advised that also promote was Bir manifer WARANA from the control of the control o

there was 500 to 400 Negroes present, and BPP members included MRIC PROTE, HARGID AVANT, ROBERT HEARKES, CECIL ROUSEL, MICHAEL

AVANT had ratured to New York and yet to return to Greensboro at a Inter date. According to AVANT did not return to Greensbore and?

Avant during this poriod, no setupl meetings were noted.

on 1889, reported that MANAGER ERAMN had stated BEP machine are to ungo the Greensburg Redevelopment . Commission to be present at a mosting at Rayes Taylor THEA, Greensburg. (4)

the leaf of Erge, Taylor NECA sponstred by the members of the leaf, with WALTER DEADS and HEDSON JOHNSON, who are leafnest in the last, running the mester y. Here of the white members of the Medical Operation and the Medical Operation for a chart time. According to the Product of the position for a chart time. According to the Product of the Position of the Constraint on the death of the Medical Operation of the Position of the Medical Operation.

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THEIDENILA

RE; BLACK PANTHER PARTY (BPP)
GREENSPORO, RORTH CAROLINA

puring March, 1969, advised that in connection with a strike by dining half employees at A & T State University which started March 12, 1969, racial violence erupted which included sniping at police officers. Included in this violence on March 13, 1969, was the losting of Sid's Curb Market, Fast Market Street, Greensboro, North Carolina.

stated that on March 25, 1969, that date furnished

him with the following leaflet showing the demands upon the administration of A & T State University: (4)

CONFIDENTIAL

RORTH CAROLINA ART STATE UNIVERSITY Greenaboro

On Thursday night, March 13, 1969, the Greenshore police, without regard to humans standards of safety, careleasly and recklessly fired upon students at this university, wounding by gunshet three students and a visitor to our compus from the Greenshore community. The Greenshore police purposely sought out and illegally errested students at our university and nambers of the black community while, at the same time, all cars containing blacks were stopped, machine guns pointed at the passengers, and illegally searched as cars containings whites were, in the same setting, re-routed, not stepped, and not scarched. The Greensbore police did flagrantly intrude upon our campus, firing at students, and endangering the safety of all students at this university.

It is, therefore, that We, theundersigned, as atudants at this university, do strongly denounce the actions of the Greenaboro police on the night stated herein, and very chrongly demand that the administration at this university release a Public STATIME denouncing the actions of the Greensbero police and explain:

(n) the relationship which the administration has
 with the Greensburg police department;

- (b) the members of the Greensboro police department from on the campus proper Tuesday, March 12, 1through Friday, Unroh 14, 1969;
- (c)
 (c) whether or not the administration invited the
 Greensboro police upon our campus prepers
- (a) whether or not the administration concedured the presence of the Greenshore police upon our compute proper;
- (6) Why the administration has thus for remained filent on the actions of the Greenshero pelica and the wounding of our fellow students and the brother from the Greenshero community by Greenshero police on the night stated herein.

THIS FUBLIC STATISHED BY THE ABSCRISTERVION MIST BE SELECTED NO LAYER THAN PORRAY PARCE 24, 1969 by 4500 P.M.

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CUIT-HOEHTRA

RE: DEACE MALENIE FARTY (BUP)
GREENSFORO, NOUTH CAROLINA

said that it is not the intention of A & T State University to meet any of the demands made in the leaflet. He said that some 900 signatures had appeared on the original list of demands that was presented to the Administration 20,

ever reported injured during the shooting on Earch 13, 1969.

were a student at A & T State University and a student. Notther of these individuals were seriously injured, said.

him that although the deadline set for the Administration to rake a public statement was March 24, 1969, by 4 P. M., that this had been extended until March 25, 1969, at 4 P. M., but the Administration still intends to make no public statement in connection with these Cemends.

proported that ERIC BROWN, BIP lender, and student at A & T State University, had stated that he, BROWN, was active in preparing the list of demands against the administration, urging them to condemn the police for having fixed at A & T State University students.

Problems in Creemsbero were upset over the fact that and two others had been arrested on the night of March 13, 1969, Caring a shooting incident at A & T State University.

an automobile along with two other individuals in possession of a pistel; however, the case was later dismissed due to an improperly drawn vaccant.

had been arrested by the Greensboro Pelice Department on charges of reblacy in correction with the break-in at Sid's Guid Harret. The BPP must are attempting to raise bond money for advised that WALTER BRANK made the attempting to take was in jail and indicated that he is making an effort to take over all the BPP leadership.

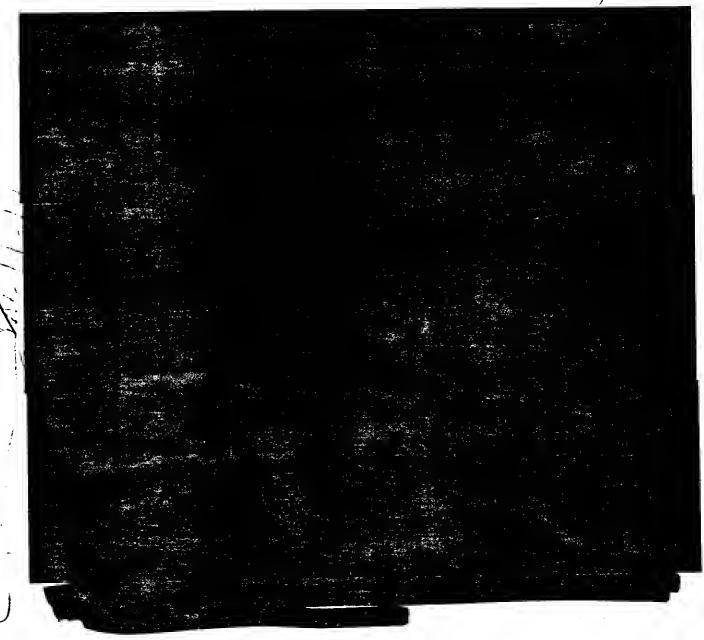
idelend that on April 187, 1873, Fig. Prof., clad function as been as 1800m, 1800m, lad a political advantage along the A & T State University, Greenshore, 188, 1800m, character along the BhB program, the need for black education, and gothing white misses out of black communities.

~).E.~

COHEDECHEO

RE: BLACK PARTILE PARTY (EPP)
GREE L'EOPO, HORTH CAROLINA

from Onkland, California, was in Greensboro, Herth Carolina, trying to get the BPP organized. Stated that when they get the BPP together, and not in various small groups as it is now, he was going to make Greensboro pay for what it did to him when he was arrested in connection with the robbery at Sid's Curl Market. Comitted that he robbed the wan but stated he was mad for having been put in jail under high bond.



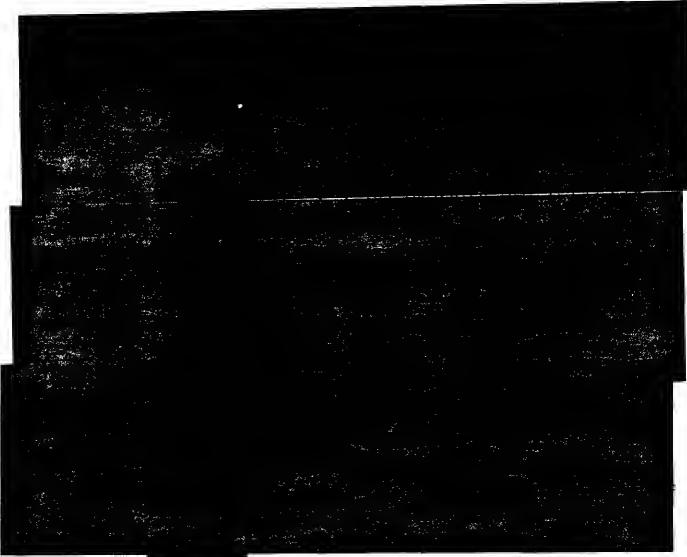
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RE: PLACE PRODUCE PARTY (BIP)
- GROWESTORO, ROPTH CAROLINA



against him in Bay about Court. A.

charges of breaking and entering, and common-law rebbery, both felenion in Harth Carolina. Ho was found guilty, however, tiled Notice of Appeal and as of Mry 22, 1969, was still confined in the Guilford County Juli in lieu of bord.

three effect ones were held in three shows, led by Willer Flore, and the Willer Flore, and the Willer of the Int, unplug everyone to support Child's ladder, another weather of the 10-2, who was refused permission by referred efficient to run for student body office.

Committee.

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CONFIDENTIAL

RE: PLACK PARTHER PARTY (BPP) GREEFILDRO, NORTH CAROLINA

On

that at about 11:00 A. M., May 9, 1969, about 100 students at Dudley High School, all Negroes, walked out of the school. At about 12:30 P. M. on May 9, 1969, a minor accident between two automobiles occurred directly in front of Dudley Ligh School. On the arrival of the first police car to investigate the accident, students pound from the high school and approximately 400 to 500 students surrounded the accident.

appeared that 7% to 100 people in the crown were not students from the high school. Recognized in the crowd were RELSON NAPLETON JOHNSON and ROBERT EVANS, both EPP lenders. RELSON JOHNSON tulked with the students in the school gymnasium and the to the citation, school was dismissed. (/)

According to continued continued egitation has occurred at Dudley High School concerning the situation of CLADDE DARNES, BPP member. On May 21, 1968, demonstration at the school resulted in rechs being threwn through the school windows and the use of tour gas by the police to dispose the crewds. Sniper fire started on the evening of May 21, 1968, and the National Cuard has been webliced.

On May 28, 1869, reported that on May 21, 1869, there were pickets on Lincoln Street in front of Dudley Migh School, Grassbore; and at the same time a group of some 5,160 students pathered in Nocho Park near Dudley Migh School, Recognized talking to the group were WALTER BRANA, nonegative, and Ethern DAVIS of the BPP, Greensbore After the group listened to the speeches, they started heading back to Dudley High School with violence crupting thereafter and students throwing rocks and bottles at police and becaling out window is one of the buildings.



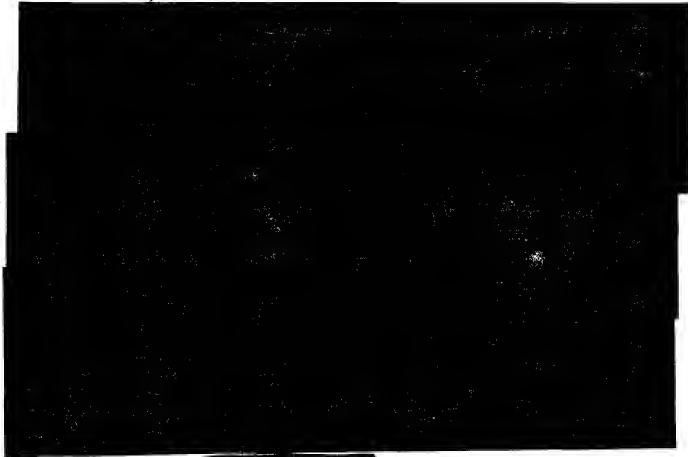
ELACK PARTUER PARTY (RPP)
GREEKSEORO, KORTH CAROLINA

it was determined that necting of a legitimate group recting in

RE:

has been attending

to be Hamigenerry



tower "Papeles Fourse" in Greenshero, Hoth Oracism. Commission Rand or 1 is 535 West Camel Stock, the Low of Time Light Land Welling. Peoples Roome Rumbur 2 is the restioner of 5, 500

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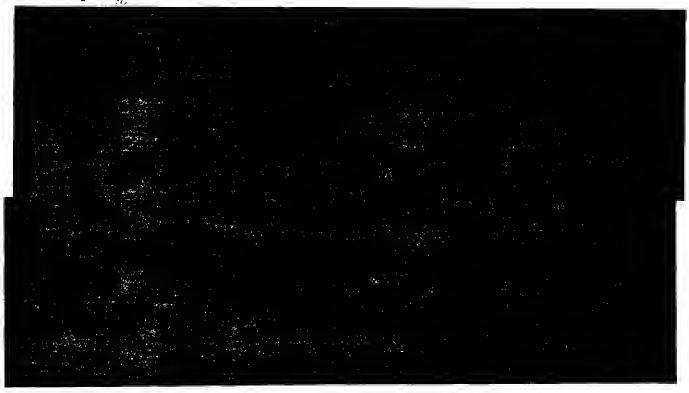
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*GONFIDENTIAL

RE: BLACK PARTHER PARTY (BPP)
GREURSDORO, HORTH CAROLINA

PHONTOPPE of 105 Purker Street, Greenboro, Rowlb Coroline. Peoples Erros worder & in 017 Leach Novast, the home of baild Blodin. (J)

State University students were overheard talking at W. E. M.
MAYART's store; however, their identities were not known.
They said that was the man who directed the operation of the spooting at police on the night of May 22, 1969, at Scott Hall on I. & T State University. These students claimed that the campus causing the police to be drawn down buther street to the dead end where the crossfire for the cappus was directed seminst the police and they were injured. It is not known whether this is true but was the opinion expressed by these two students. It was also said that ment of the guns were taken out of Scott Hall between 4:00 and 4:30 A. M. on May 23, 1969, prior to the time the National Guard swept the campus.



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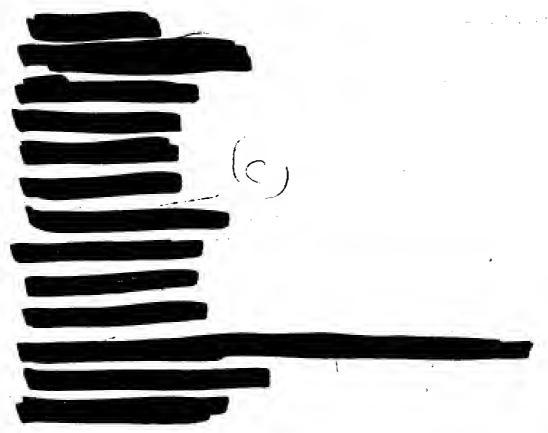


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RPY BLACK PARTIES FARTY (BUP)
GREWESFOLD, NORTH CAROLINA



Attrohed as an appendix to this mesocondus are characterizations of the Black Panther Party, Sindant Mon-Violant Coordinating Cossition, and Organization of Airo-American Unity, Inc.

According to its official newspaper, the Black Panther Party (BPP) was started during December, 1988, in Oakland, California, to organize black people so they can take control of the life, politics, and the destiny of the black community. It was organized by BORBY GEORGE SEALE, BPP Chairman, and HUEY P. NEWTON, BPP Minister of Defense, NEWTON is presently serving a sentence of 2 to 15 years on a conviction of man-slaughter in connection with the killing of an Oakland police officer.

The official newspaper, "The Black Panther," which further describes itself as the "Black Community News Service," states—that the BPP advocates the use of guns and guerrilla tactics in its revolutionary program to end apprecision of the black people. Residents of the black community are urged to arm themselves against the police who are consistently referred to in the publication as "pigs" who should be killed.

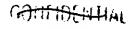
"The Black Panther" issue of September 7, 1968, contains an editorial by BPP Minister of Education, GEORGE MASON NURRAY, which ends with the following:

"Black men. Black people, colored persons of America, revolt everywhere! Arm yourselves. The only culture worth heeping is a revolutionary culture. Change. Freedom everywhere. Dynamite! Black Power. Use the gun. Kill the pigs everywhere."

Included in the introduction to an article appearing in the Ociober 5, 1968, edition of "The Black Panther" is the statement, "...we will not dissent from American Government. We will overthrow it."

lesues of "The Black Panther" regularly contain queletions from the writings of Chairman M/O Tsectung of the People's Republic of China and feature MAO's statement that "political power grows out of the barrel of a gun."

The notional headquarters of the BPP is located at 3106 Shottuck Avenue, Beckeley, California. Branches have been established at various locations throughout the United States.



APPENDIX

STUDENT NORVIOLENT COORDINATING COMMITTEE (SNCC)

The Student Nonviolent Coordinating Committee (SNCC), headquartered at 360-362 Nelson Street, S. W., Atlanta, Georgia, is a nonvembership organization, which was been out of the sit-in novement that exupted across the South beginning in 1960.

Today, SNCC identifies itself as an organization in the revolutionary vanguard. It advocates that to be successful it is necessary to develop a revolutionary ideology and revolutionary program.

La. According to SNCC, the year 1967 marked a historic rilestone in the struggle for the liberation of black people in the United States and the year that revolutionaries throughout the world began to understand more fully the impact of the black movement. SNCC Poclared that "liberation will come only when there is final doctruction of this mad octopus - the capitalistic system of the United States with all its life-sucking tourscles of exploitation and racism that choke the people of Africa, Asia, and Latin America. The realities of black life, tegether with the recognition instilled in SNCC werkers forced its members to further popularize the legitimacy of self-defence and rebellions when appreciation became too great."

From May, 1966, until May, 1967, Stohely Carmichael was Rational Charman of SNCC. As of July, 1938, Carmichael resided in Mashington, D. C., where he was affiliated with SNCC and active as temporary chairman of a bluck coellater group. In May, 1967, Carmichael was replaced by Rubert Goroid Brown, commany known as H. Rap Brown, who served until dune, 1963.

In June, 1968, at the Stelf and Central Committee recting of SECC held in Atlanta, Georgia, it was decided to restructure the organization by equalization of responsibility by creating ten deputy or vice chairmannhips. The primary purpose for this change is to take law enforcement pressure off any bingle individual.

APPENDIX

ORGANIZATION OF AFRO-AMERICAN UNITY, INC. (OMAU)

On June, 28, 1964, Malcolm X Little, founder and leader of the Euslin Mosque, Inc. (MMI), publicly announced the formation of a new, all-Negro, militant civil rights action group to be known to the Ovganization of Afro-American Unity (OAAU), with biwself as Canirman. This announcement was made at a public rally held by the HMI in the Audubon Ballroom, Brondway and 166th Streets, New York City.

A printed and published statement of basic OAAU aims read by Malcolm X at this meeting indicates that it shall include "all" papple of African descent in the Western Hemisphere, as vell'as "our" brothers and sisters on the African continent. It is patterned efter the "letter and spirit" of the Organization of African Unity established (by African heads of States) at Addis Ababa, Ethlopia, in May, 1963.

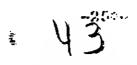
A recording of the remarks of Malcolm X at this meeting indicates that the aim of the OAAU is to eliminate differences between Megrous so they can work together for "Muman Rights," while the initial objective is to "inter-nationalize" the American civil rights movement by taking it to the United Mations. Little condensed the nonviolent civil rights movement and claims that Negrous should be taught to protect themselves, when and if necessary. The CAAU will sponsor a program for Negroes in education, politics, culture, economics and social reform.

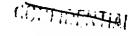
Malcolm X was assessinated on February 21, 1965, while addressing an O/AU rally at the Audubou Eallroom, Now York City.

On April 18, 1965, a source advised that on March 26, 1965, the OAAN filed a Cortificate of Incorporation with the papertaint of State, State of New York, Albany, New York, and hereeferth the organization's true name would be Organization of Afro-American Unity, Incorporated.

On Tablebury 23, 1906, a second source advised that the providence and head of the OAAU is Ello Collins, a half-cittle of the Inde Balgolm X the resides in the Barlow Section of Educate City.

On May 8, 1967, the first source advised that the realization of the CANU in located at 224 West 188th States, Rev York, Rev York, which is the residence of Rin Colling.







In Reply, Please Vefor to File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Charlotte, North Carc T. July 24, 1969

Title

BLACK PANTHER PARTY (BPP), GREENSEORD, NORTH CAROLINA

Character

RACIAL MATTERS

Reference

Memorandum dated July 27, 1969, at Charlotte, Novth Carolina, captioned as above.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concerled in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Charlotte, North Carolina
July 24, 1969

CONFIDENTIAL

BLACK PANTHER PARTY RACIAL MATTERS

The following information concerning the Black Panther Party has been furnished

Afro American Unity Organization's finances are not known, however, no efforts have been made to gather finances other than the small amounts donated by the members.

on advised that

approximately were held by members of the Afro American Unity Organization at Charlotte.

have been scheduled until such time as they obtain their charter from the BPP, Oakland, California.

AVENT, reportedly a Field Marshal of the BPP from Greensboro, North Carolina, spoke at a Malcolm X Day Commemoration service at Johnson C. Smith University. During his speech, AVENT was critical of the portraits of white persons hanging on the walls of the auditorium. The people portrayed in these portraits were the founders of the institution, a predominantly Negro college, and AVENT stated the pictures of these white pigs should be taken out and burned.

had been asked to appear at the University of North Carolina campus at Charlotte on Monday, March 3, 1969, in connection

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with a protest rally led by BEN CHAVIS. to protest the ten demands being made against the university officials and to get recognition of a black student organization on the campus. The constitution and demands made on the university follow the ten-point program for black student unions as set out in the Black Panther newspaper.

During reported that BEN CHAVIS, Minister of Information for the group at Charlotte, North Carolina, has been observed

advised that JERCHE JOHNSON had not been successful in establishing an affiliation with the BPP of California.

reported that this delay in obtaining a charter was due to a purge being conducted within the national BPP to get rid of informants and undesirable characters.

stated that the only officers are JEROME JOHNSON, who helds the position of Area Captain, and BENJAMIN FPARKLIN CHAVIS, JR., who has been designated as the Minister of Information.

advised that the rally was held at Freedom Park, Charlotte, North Carolina, on Sunday afternoon, June 22, 1969, beginning at approximately 3:00 P. M. The rally started with 18 Negroes, four of them females, all dressed in Black Panther regalia and marching to the speaker's stand in columns of twos. As these Negroes marched to the speaker's stand they counted cadence, shouted "Power to the People", periodically giving the Black Power salute.

the rally and introduced the speakers. One speaker was VEPONICA HAGANS, a member of the Organization of Afro-American Unity, who spoke for approximately four minutes on the theme of police brutality. JAMES COVINGTON was then introduced as an individual who had recently been released from Federal custody and could speak with authority on police brutality. Thereafter, JOHN LUNSFORD was introduced as a representative of the Students for a Democratic Society (SDS) and he also spoke concerning police brutality, and the support of the SDS for the Negro and any other minority race which was being victimized by the police



and the capitalistic society in which the people in the United States are presently living.

Following JOHN LUNSFORD's speech, GAIL LUNSFORD was introduced as a representative of the SDS and she spoke concerning women's liberation. WORTH KITSON was introduced as a member of the SDS and gave a speech demanding immediate withdrawal of all United States Troops in Vietnam, abolishment of the Selective Service System, and support of the Black Brpthers in Furtherance of the Workers Revolution.

American Unity Organization, which is continuing to attempt to affiliate with the Black Panther Party, plans to hold a public rally in Freedom Park on June 22, 1969, beginning at approximately 3:00 P. M. Stated the purpose of the rally will be to solicit funds from those in attendance to be used for attorney fees and defense of members of the organization who were recently arrested in connection with a raid on the group's headquarters in Charlotte. The source advised that BENJAMIN HAIRSTON, a member of the group, will be in charge of the program, will be assisted by SANDRA McGRUDER, who is believed to be affiliated with the Southern Student Organizing Committee (SSCC).

on 1969, advised that BENJAMIN FRANKLIN CHAVIS, JR., is continuing to act as head of the group in Charlotte, North Carolina, attempting to affiliate with the Black Panther Party in the absence of JEROME JCHESON.

The "Charlotte Observer", a daily Charlotte, North Carolina, newspaper, in its issue of March 4, 1969, contained an article which stated in part that about forty (40) Negroes had gathered around the flag pole at the University of North

THE: BLACK PARTHER PARTY

have reported that HAROLD AVANT, also known as Hunding, and Hadine, acted as a Plack Panther Party organizer at Greenshore, North Carolina, and

Attached are characterizations in the appendix to this memorandum of the Black Panther Party, Organization of Airo-American Unity, Inc., Students for a Democratic Society, and Southern Student Organizing Committee.



APPENDIX

BLACK PANTHER PARTY

According to its official newspaper, the Black Panther Party (BPP) was started during December, 1966, in Oakland. California, to organize black people so they can take control of the life, politics, and the destiny of the black community. It was organized by BOBBY GEORGE SEALE, BPP Chairman, and HUEY P. NEWTON, BPP Minister of Defense. NEWTON is presently serving a sentence of 2 to 15 years on a conviction of manslaughter in connection with the killing of an Oakland police officer.

The official newspaper, "The Black Panther," which further describes itself as the "Black Community News Service," states—that the BPP advocates the use of guns and guerrilla tactics in its revolutionary program to end appreciation of the black people. Residents of the black community are urged to arm themselves against the police who are consistently referred to in the publication as "pigs" who should be killed.

"The Black Panther" issue of September 7, 1968, contains an editorial by BPP Minister of Education, GEORGE PASON MURRAY, which ends with the following:

"Black men. Black people, colored persons of America, revolt everywhere! Arm yourselves. The only culture worth keeping is a revolutionary culture Change, Freedom everywhere. Dynamite! Black Power. Use the gun. Kill the pigs everywhere."

Included in the introduction to an article appearing in the October 5, 1968, edition of "The Black Panther" is the statement, "...we will not dissent from American Government. We will overthrow it."

Issues of "The Black Panther" regularly contain quotations from the writings of Chairman MAO Tse-tung of the People's Republic of China and feature MAO's statement that "political power grows out of the barrel of a gun."

The national headquarters of the BPP is located at 3106 Shattuck Avenue, Berkeley, California. Branches have been established at various locations throughout the United States.

COMPIDENTIAL

ORGANIZATION OF AFRO-AMERICAN UNITY, INC. (OAAU)

On June, 28, 1964, Malcolm X Little, founder and leader of the Muslim Mosque, Inc. (MMI), publicly announced the formation of a new, all-Negro, militant civil rights action group to be known as the Organization of Afro-American Unity (OAAU), with himself as Chairman. This announcement was made at a public rally held by the MMI in the Audubon Ballroom, Broadway and 166th Streets, New York City.

A printed and published statement of basic OAAU aims read by Malcolm X at this meeting indicates that it shall include "all" people of African descent in the Western Hemisphere, as well as "our" brothers and sisters on the African continent. It is patterned after the "letter and spirit" of the Organization of African Unity established (by African heads of States) at Addis Ababa, Ethiopia, in May, 1963.

A recording of the remarks of Malcolm X at this meeting indicates that the aim of the OAAU is to eliminate differences between Negroes so they can work together for "Human Rights," while the initial objective is to "inter-nationalize" the American civil rights movement by taking it to the United Nations. Little condemned the nonviolent cimil rights movement and claims that Negroes should be taught to protect themselves, when and if necessary. The OAAU will sponsor a program for Negroes in education, politics, culture, economics and social reform.

Malcolm X was assassinated on February 21, 1965, while addressing an OAAU rally at the Audubon Ballroom, New York City.

On April 13, 1965, a source advised that on March 26, 1965, the OAAU filed a Certificate of Incorporation with the Department of State, State of New York, Albany, New York, and henceforth the organization's true name would be Organization of Afro-American Unity, Incorporated.

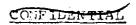
On February 28, 1966, a second source advised that the president and head of the OAAU is Ella Collins, a half-sister of the late Malcolm X who resides in the Harlem Section of New York City.

On May 8, 1967, the first source advised that the headquarters of the OAAU is located at 224 West 139th Street, New York, New York, which is the residence of Ella Collins.

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STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY (SDS)

The Students for a Democratic Society (SDS), as it is known today, came into being at a founding convention held at Port Huron, Michigan, in June, 1962. The SDS is an association of young people on the left and has a current program of protesting the draft, promoting a campaign for youth to develop a conscientious objector status, denouncing United States intervention in the war in Vietnam, and to "radically transform" the university community, and provide for its complete control by students. Gus Hall, General Secretary, Communist Party, USA, when interviewed by a representative of United Press International in San Francisco, California, on May 14, 1965, described the SPS as a part of the "responsible left" which the Party has "going for us." At the June, 1965, SDS National Convention, an anti-communist proviso was removed from the SDS constitution. In the October 7, 1966, issue of "New Left Notes," the official publication of SDS, an SDS spokesman stated that there are some communists in SDS and they are welcome. The national headquarters of this organization as of July 24, 1968, was located in Room 206. 1608 West Madison Street, Chicago, Illinois.



APPENLIX

SOUTHERN CONFERENCE EDUCATIONAL FUND, INC. (SCEF); "THE SOUTHERN PATRIOT" (SP)

An article in the December, 1967, issue of "The Southern Patriot" (SP) commemorating the twenty-fifth anniversary of the publication with that issue recites the following:

The Southern Conference for Human Welfare (SCHW) was organized in 1938: SP, started in 1942 as the publication of SCHW, was taken over by the Southern Conference Educational Fund, Inc. (SCEF), in the late 1940's when SCHW went out of existence. SCEF, originally the "educational wing" of SCHW, continued as an independent organization. For almost two decades, concern of SCHW and SCEF was with racial segregation and oppression of black people. In 1964, SCEF recognized that the legal back of segregation had been broken and economic and political gains were necessary if Southern life was to change. In the past few years, SCEF has also supported battles for academic freedom and the Southern movement for world peace.

The Southern Conference for Human Welfare (SCHW) was cited as a Communist front by the House Committee on Un-American Activities, House Report 592, June 12, 1947. In the same house report, "The Southern Patriot" was cited as an "organ" of the SCHW.

The September, 1967, issue of Sp refers to SCEF as a "community of organizers and writers" stating its work is centered in organizing the poor in Appalachia for political and economic power, helping white people in the Deep South find a common cause with black people, helping local groups organize action for peace and working for abolition of the "House Un-American Activities Committee."

The Masthead of SP in its April, 1968, issue states "The Southern Conference is dedicated to ending racism, poverty, and other injustices in the South; it opposes war as an instrument of national policy."

Listed in the Masthead are SCEF officers consisting of eight executive committee members, four executive staff members

CONFIDENTIAL

APPENDIX

SOUTHERN STUDENT ORGANIZING COMMITTEE (SSOC)

On November 1, 1966, a first source advised that the Southern Student Organizing Committee (SSOC) was formed on the weekend of April 3-5, 1964, to stimulate activity of Southern Student groups in areas of civil rights, peace, academic freedom, civil liberties, capital punishment, and unemployment. Originally, it was to be a white counterpart of the Student Nonviolent Coordinating Committee (SNCC). It has agreed to work with similar interested groups such as SNCC and Students for a Democratic Society (SDS) and Southern Conference Educational Fund, Inc. (SCEF) SSOC is a fraternal affiliate of the Students for a Democratic Society (SDS)

Beginning in the Fall of 1966, SSOC became a membership organization and embarked on a campaign to form local chapters on various collège campuses throughout the South. SSOC publishes, October through May each year, a publication, "New South Student," which according to the above source has increasingly espoused and defended the pro-Communist and anti-United States position on domestic and foreign policy.

On July 2, 1968, a second source advised that SSOC continues to be headquartered at 1703 Portland Avenue, Nashville, Tennessee, and continues to defend and espouse the pro-Communist and anti-United States position with particular emphasis on attacking United States policy in Vietnam and emphasis on attacking the Selective Service System. Source Two noted that SSOC Chairman Thomas N. Gardner in the Summer of 1967 traveled to Prague, Czechoslovakia, where he met with representatives of the National Liberation Front (NLF) and the Democratic Republic of Vietnam (DRV), and that SSOC staff members Bruce Smith and Alan Levin traveled to Cuba in the Summer of 1967 and February, 1968, respectively.

By letter dated April 26, 1968, on SSOC letterhead mailed to the general SSOC membership over the signature of Mike Welch, executive Secretary of SSOC, it was announced that as a step toward close relations with the Students for a Democratic Society (SDS) and better communications with the "New South Student" and the "New Left Notes," and that SDS and SSOC were exchanging contact lists of their respective memberships for this exchange.

The May, 1968, issue of "New South Student" indicates that the SSOC mailing address is P O Box 6403, Nashville, Tennessee, 37212, Telephone Number 615-291-3537, and the mast-head described the organization as "An association of young concerned Southerners dedicated to social change," as taken from the preamble of the SSOC constitution.

CONFIDENTIAL

APPFNDIX

STUDENT NONVIOLENT COORDINATING COMMITTEE (SNCC)

The Student Nonviolent Coordinating Committee (SNCC), headquartered at 360-362 Nelson Street, S. W., Atlanta, Georgia, is a nonmembership organization, which was born out of the sit-in movement that erupted across the South beginning in 1960.

Today, SNCC identifies itself as an organization in the revolutionary vanguard. It advocates that to be successful it is necessary to develop a revolutionary ideology and revolutionary program.

According to SNCC, the year 1967 marked a historic milestone in the struggle for the liberation of black people in the United States and the year that revolutionaries throughout the world began to understand more fully the impact of the black movement. SNCC declared that "liberation will come only when there is final destruction of this mad octopus — the capitalistic system of the United States with all its life-sucking tentacles of exploitation and racism that choke the people of Africa, Asia, and Latin America. The realities of black life, together with the recognition instilled in SNCC workers forced its members to further popularize the legitimacy of self-defense and rebellions when oppression became too great."

From May, 1966, until May, 1967, Stokely Carmichael was National Chairman of SNCC. As of July, 1968, Carmichael resided in Washington. D. C., where he was affiliated with SNCC and active as temporary chairman of a black coalition group. In May, 1967, Carmichael was replaced by Hubert Geroid Brown, commonly known as H. Rap Brown, who served until June, 1968.

In June, 1968, at the Staff and Central Committee meeting of SNCC held in Atlanta, Georgia, it was decided to restructure the organization by equalization of responsibility by creating ten deputy or vice chairmanships. The primary purpose for this change is to take law enforcement pressure off any single individual



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Charlotte, North Carolina
July 24, 1969

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BLACK PANTHER PARTY

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ULLITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Charlotte, North Carolina
July 24, 1969

BLACK PANTHER PARTY RACIAL MATTERS

On April 3, 1969, advised that the "Black Panther" newspaper was now being sold at the Varsity Grill, Statesville Avenue, Charlotte, North Carolina.

The following information from other sources, although not specifically concerning sale of "Black Panther" newspaper at Varsity Grill, Charlotte, North Carolina, corroborates the information as furnished by

On March 18, 1969, CE T-6 who has frequent contact with the leadership of the Black Panther Party national headquarters in Berkeley, California, advised that the contacted the national headquarters of the Black Fanther FdFty in order that he might purchase a quantity of posters and newspapers. According to CE T-6, requested 200 copies of the "Black Panther" newspaper and 20 copies of two different posters to be shipped to him at 2316 Tate Street, Charlotte, North Carolina.

On April 23, 1969, JEROME CLIFTON JOHNSON was observed by a Special Agent of the FBI selling copies of the April 20, 1969, issue of the "Black Panther" newspaper on East Trade Street, Charlotte, North Carolina.

During March and April, 1969, has reported that JEROME CLIFTON JOHNSON is the self-described area captain and the head of the Afro-American Unity Organization, which organization desires to affiliate with the Black Panther Party, Berkeley, California.

A characterization of the Black Panther Party is attached as an appendix to this memorandum.

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APPENDIX

BLACK PANTHER PARTY

CONFIDENTIAL

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The official newspaper, "The Black Panther," which further describes itself as the "Black Community News Service," states that the BPP advocates the use of guns and guerrilla tactics in its revolutionary program to end oppression of the black people. Residents of the black community are urged to arm themselves against the police who are consistently referred to in the publication as "pigs" who should be killed.

"The Black Panther" issue of September 7, 1968, contains an editorial by BPP Minister of Education, GEORGE MASON MURRAY, which ends with the following:

"Black men. Black people, colored persons of America, revolt everywhere! Arm yourselves. The only culture worth keeping is a revolutionary culture. Change. Freedom everywhere. Dynamite! Black Power. Use the gun. Kill the pigs everywhere."

Included in the introduction to an article appearing in the October 5, 1968, edition of "The Black Panther" is the statement, "...we will not dissent from American Government. We will overthrow it."

Issues of "The Black Panther" regularly contain quotations from the writings of Chairman MAO Tse-tung of the People's Republic of China and feature MAO's statement that "political power grows out of the barrel of a gun."

The national headquarters of the BPP is located at 3106 Shattuck Avenue, Berkeley, California. Branches have been established at various locations throughout the United States.

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In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Charlotte, North Carolina July 24, 1969

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BLACK PANTHER PARTY

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	Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to you or the subject of your request.
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	For your information:
	The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages: 105-165706-8-54 Lucloune page 57

and HAROLD AVENT came by the

It was determined that AVENT has two or
three people who came in with him from up North to organize,
however, their identities were not known. ERIC BROWN claims
to be the Captain in the BPP from the State of North Carolina,
and the general conversation indicated that all white merchants
on the east side of Greensboro "have got to go." It was
determined that the BPP group meets at NELSON JOHNSON's
apartment on Camel Street.



stated that HOWARD FULLER from Durham, North Carolina, was assisting financially with the BPP activities in Greensboro. NUNDING and JOHNSON also remarked that they were not satisfied with the results of what had happened on the A&T State University campus when the students took over the Administration Building.

On advised that NUNDING has invited a group of BPP members from Charlotte to the meeting on NUNDING has stated that they

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of the BPP was held on

reported that a meeting

Greensboro, R. C.

The instructor was HAROLD AVENT, also known as, NUNDING or NADINE. He identified himself as a Section Chief and Teacher of the BPP. This meeting was one of a group of weekly training sessions for new BPP members. There were present at the meeting, and AVENT passed out the "Political Education Sheets" to each member, which they were told to learn and hold on to. AVENT also put other material on a blackboard and explained as he wrote it. The students were told to copy and save this information. AVENT made the statement that once attending a meeting of the BPP all were "brothers" or "sisters" from then on and there was no chance to get out. Those in attendance appeared to be young either high school or college age and were dominated by AVENT.

.....

ERIC BROWN was identified as Captain for the Greensboro, North Carolina, area, and ROBERT SPERO was designated as Field Lieutenant. The meeting lasted from 8:00 PM until 10:00 PM, and the other meetings are to be held each Monday night at the same place for several more training sessions. In addition, AVENT said that on January 31, 1969, they had a training session on guerrilla tactics on the campus at A&T State University.

AVENT told the group that their goal in the spring was to get all white merchants off East Market Street. The first to go will be the Thrifty Curb Market and Sid's Curb Market. They will start with boycotts in the early spring; and if that does not force them to move out, the BPP would do the next best thing, which obviously meant tear the place up or burn it down. AVENT set up a diagram of court procedure for trying a BPP member for some infraction. The court will consist of the area captain as the judge assisted by the field lieutenant and the section lieutenant.

was held
Greensboro.

NUNDING

insisted that NEWTON was unjustly shot and said that it was a typical example of justice that Negroes have put up with when they are dealing with white courts. NUNDING wanted those present to read the following books:

"Killer of the Dream," written by L. SMITH
"Black Rage," written by WILLIAM GREER and PRICE COBB

NUNDING also discussed the fact that Negroes are taken advantage of by white people when they get a decent job. NUNDING listed the executives of the BPP as follows: ω_j

Minister of Defense Minister of Information Prime Minister Chairman

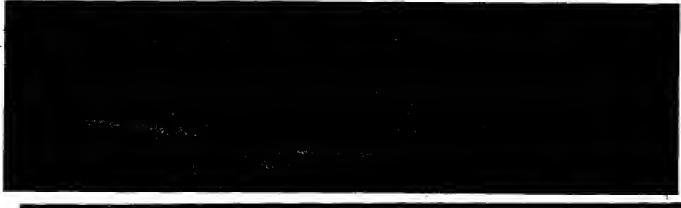
HUEY P. NEWTON ELDRIDGE CLEAVER STOKELY CARMICHAEL BOBBY SEALE

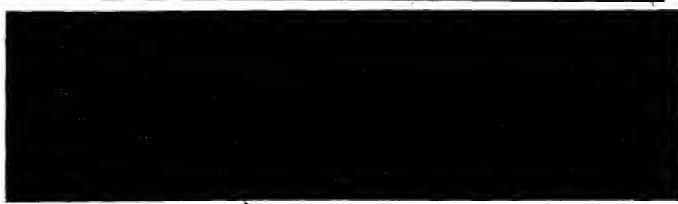
NUNDING said that the main offices of the BPP were located at 4421 Grove Street, Oakland, California, mailing address Post Office Box 8641, Emeryville Branch, Oakland, California. The meeting was adjourned in the usual procedure which is to stand and give the pledge to the Black Panther Flag, and then sing the Black Panther Song. There were two individuals from Charlotte, North Carolina, at this meeting identified as JEROME JOHNSON and BEN CHAVIS. These two actually arrived too late but were greeted as Black Panther Brothers by NUNDING and the others.

During the evening

, however, NELSON

JOHNSON sat in the kitchen with them but would not bring them into the Panther meeting.





On

Most of the discussion at this meeting concerned the trip ERIC BROWN and NUNDING had taken to the Duke University campus during the period of racial violence. NUNDING said that the Negroes had made progress by the revolt against the administration and had photographs showing white policemen spraying tear gas on the Negro students.

RITA BYRD was identified as the Secretary of the BPP group in Greensboro, and the meeting was more or less a rehash of what had been discussed before by NUNDING.

was held at the mayes Taylor YMCA sponsored by members of the BPP with WALTER BRAME and NELSON JOHNSON, leaders in the BPP, running the meeting. None of the white members of the Redevelopment Commission showed up, and one Negro member was in attendance for a short time. According to BRAME is pushing for action concerning housing problems by the Redevelopment Commission to show that he is taking some activity on the part of Negroes in Greensboro.

On advised that the meeting of Black Militants was held in Greensboro led by WALTER BRAME, a member of the BPP, urging everyone to support CLAUDE BARNES, another member of the BPP who was refused permission by school officials to run for student body office.

On reported that on a meeting was held at Some of the Panthers recognized at the meeting were

Nothing was accomplished at the

meeting because NELSON JOHNSON kept interrupting and injecting militant talk which kept the students agitated although there were a number of responsible Negro citizens at the meeting.

there were three new BPP organizers in Greensboro who have recently come to Greensboro from Connecticut. They are JOHN JOHNSON, also known as, KATARA, JOSE GONZALVEZ, and BRAD (Last Name Unknown). GONZALVEZ and BRAD are from Bridgeport, Connecticut. These three individuals are in Greensboro to try to reorganize the BPP and build it up to a really strong organization. They are extremely militant.

On May 22, 1969, reported that on May 21, 1969, violence erupted at Dudley High School, Greensboro, which included rock throwing, and the police drove the students away from the building. NELSON JOHNSON was one of the BPP members present during this demonstration. meeting was held in Holland Bowl on the A&T campus with JOHNSON and CALVIN MATTHEWS, the President of the A&T student body, the principal speakers. JOHNSON gave a very fiery speech encouraging all the young people to stick together for police, whom he referred to as "Pigs," had taken over the society and were holding them in bondage like slavery. said that the "Pigs" were taking over the complete control of the Negro community by killing Negro leaders who were trying to fight for their people. JOHNSON urged all the Negroes to fight for their rights even if it meant death because something had to be done. CALVIN MATTHEWS then spoke and asked all the students who were willing to die to come to Scott Hall that night, May 22, 1969, with the weapons of their choice, and for the ones who were not willing to stand up for their rights, to stay at home and go into hiding because the only way that the situation could be resolved was to fight back. MATTHEWS asked everyone to come to Scott Hall by 8:00 PM and said that the ones who were interested in being there should be there before 8:00 PM because the curfew was going into effect at that time. (1)



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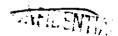
Name Unknown) has been determined to be BRADFORD BEICHER.
JOHN JOHNSON, also known as, KATARA, from Connecticut, has
gone back to New York. OSCAR WASHINGTON, who is originally
from New York City and used the BPP name of RALLA, is now
living on Dudley Street in Greensboro. He works at the
College Drive-In for ROBERT HEARNES and also sells the
Black Panther newspaper for W. E. M. BRYANT. WASHINGTON
has been in Greensboro about six or seven weeks and came
to Greensboro at the suggestion of ERIC BROWN.

on reported that on a meeting of the BPP was held at Greensboro, North Carolina, reported there were approximately persons in the group led by an individual known as NADINE. later reported this individual to be HAROLD AVENT, also known as NUNDING, and NADINE.

on reported that on meeting of the BPP was held at heard a part of the lecture being given by NUNDING, which was a repetition of facts of Chairman MAO TSE TUNG. There were about persons present, a number of whom appeared to be high school children.

wherein HAROLD AVENT discussed the recent takeover at Duke University by black students.

at Hayes Taylor YMCA sponsored by members of the BPP with WALTER BRAME and NELSON JOHNSON running the meeting.



also reported that BRAD BELCHER was on the A&T campus on the night of May 22-23, 1969, wherein students were firing from the campus toward members of the Greensboro, North Carolina, Police Department, and the North Carolina National Guard.

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According to its official news/apar, the Black Panther Party (BPP) was started during December, 1986. In Oaktund, California, to organize black people so they can take control of the life, politics, and the destiny of the black community. It was organized by BOBBY GEORGE SEALE, BPP Chairman, and HUEY P. NEWTON, BPP Minister of Defense. NEWTON is presently serving a sentence of 2 to 15 years on a conviction of manslaughter in connection with the killing of an Oakland police officer,

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"The Black Panther" issue of Sep ember 7. 1968 contains an editorial by BPP Minister of Education, GEORGE MASON MURRAY, which ends with the following:

"Black men. Black people, colored persons of America, revolt everywhere! Arm yourselves. The only culture worth keeping is a revolutionary culture. Change. Freedom everywhere. Dynamite! Black Power. Use the gun, Kill the pigs everywhere."

Included in the introduction to an article appearing in the October 5: 1968, edition of "The Black Panther" is the statement, "...we will not dissent from American Government. We will overthrow it."

Issues of "The Black Panther" regularly contain quotations from the writings of Chairman MAO Tse-tung of the People's Republic of China and feature MAO's statement that "political power grows out of the barrel of a gun."

The national headquarters of the BPP is located at 3106 Shattuck Avenue, Berkeley, California. Branches have been established at various locations throughout the United States.

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In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Charlotte, North Carolina
July 24, 1969

Title

BLACK PANTHER PARTY

Character

RACIAL MATTERS

Reference

Memorandum at Charlotte, North Carolina, captioned and dated as above.

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

- In Reply, Please Refer to File No. Charlotte, North Carolina July 24, 1969 CONFIDENTIAL

BLACK PANTHER PARTY (BPP)
RACIAL MATTERS

Idvised that on

HAR(ID AVE T stated that he had been to

Livingstone College at Salisbury, North Carolina, the previous
weekend and during the week of February 15, 1969, he was going
to Shaw University, Raleigh, North Carolina, to organize.

On advised that on advised that on Greensboro. HAROLD AVANT discussed the recent takeover at Duke University by black

students and said the problem could have been eliminated a lot quicker if the black brothers and sisters had had ammunition to fight off the police officers. AVANT stated that the black man should have machine guns or any other guns to overcome the "pigs". AVANT said that he wanted to get his hands on some sort of sub-machine gun, at least .45 caliber.

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advised that on February 21, 1, memorial ceremonies for MALCOLM X were held at the Windsor Community Center, Greensboro, North Carolina, attended by students of A & T State University, University of North Carolina at Greensboro, and Bennett College, plus some high school students. CECIL ROUSON, a former body guard of MALCOLM X, gave a speech stating the reason MALCOLM X was assassinated was because he was making too much progress in getting the black men together. HAROLD AVANT also spoke and said that the police officers observing the ceremony were a bunch of pigs. AVANT urged all Negroes to get a "piece", meaning a gun, and to use it when necessary. there were 300 to 400 Negroes present, and BPP members included ERIC BROWN, HAROLD AVANT, ROBERT HEARNES, CECIL ROUSON, MICHAEL AIKENS, and NELSON JOHNSON.

reported that HAROLD AVANT had returned to New York and was to return to Greensboro at a later date. According to AVANT did not return to Greensboro | during this period, no actual meetings were held.

the regular weekly meetings of According to the BPP in Greensboro continued with about present during

advised on that HAROLD AVANT. also known as Nunding, visited New York during the week of February 24, 1969. NUNDING had been in Greensboro, North Carolina, and came back to New York to visit some of the Black Panther Party leaders there about the situation in Greensboro. (





On advised that has a .357 caller Magnum revolver which he carries on some occasions.



On April 12, 1969, CE T-9 advised that W. E. M. BRYANT, JR. has opened a shop on East Market Street, Greensboro, where BPP members hang out. At this shop, BRYANT sells all sorts of literature, including the BPP newspaper and various publications and materials of black culture.

During reported, concerning finances of the FIT at Greens oro, that the only fund-raising activity known at Greensboro was that of raising bond money for the Area Captain who was arrested for common-law robbery in connection with the looting of a grocery store on March 13, 1969.

had indicate a desire in octaining some

has said that he is anxious to get hold of some guns but has not indicated whether he has been successful in doing so. (U)

advised that a representative from Oakland, California, was in treensboro, North Carolina, trying to get the BPP organized. Stated that when they get the BPP together, and not in various small groups as it is now, he was going to make Greensboro pay for what it did to him when he was arrested in connection with the robbery at Sid's Curb Market. Admitted that he robbed the man but stated he was mad for naving been put in jail under high bond.



North Carolina, on May 3-4, 1969, to give one of the brothers support in connection with a Negro running in a local city election.

advised that the Black Panthers in Greenston were upset over the fact that NELSON JOHNSON and two others had been arrested on the night of March 13, 1969, during a shooting incident at A & T State University.

had been arrested by the Greenstoro Police Department on charges of robbery in connection with the break-in at Sid's Curb Market. The LPF members are attempting to raise bond money for advised that WALTER BRAME made the statement he was glat was in jail and indicated that he is making an effort to the over all the BPP leadership.

advised that on that date JOSE GONZALVEZ and BRAD (Last Name Unknown), described as two individuals recently having come to Greensboro, North Carolina. from Connecticut and residing at

has been able to determine that two "big men" with the Black Panther Party from Oakland, California, and Connecticut were in town./

The reason for riding through the area had been received had said some nice home needed to be firebombed to keep the situation stirred up in Greensboro.

reported that on a showdown was o'viously building up between W. E. M. BRYANT, JR. and JOSE GONZALVEZ as to who was to be the leader of the BPP in Greensboro.

he was no longer considered a member of the BPP and was expelled for 100 days. JOSE GONZALVEZ apparently accepted this as he has made no effort to continue in any position of leadership in the BPP in Greensboro.

reported that W. E. M. BRYANT, JR. made the statement that CHILD NEBLETT, the BPP leader from the East Coast, was supposed to be in Greensboro during the week of June 6, 1969.

Concerning the memorial services for Malcolm X on February 22, 1969,

Attached as an appendix to this memorandum is a characterization of the Black Panther Party and Organization of Afro-American Unity, which characterization contains information concerning MALCOLM X LITTLE, also known as Malcolm X.

APPENDIX

BLACK PANTHER PARTY

According to its official newscopper, the Black Panther Party (BPP) was started during December, 1966, in Oukland. California, to organize black people so they date take control of the life polities and the destiny of the black community. It was organized by BOBBY GEORGE SEALE, BPP Chairman and HUEY P. NEWTON, BPP Minister of Defense. NEWTON is presently serving a sentence of 2 to 15 years on a conviction of manslaughter in connection with the killing of an Oakland police officer.

The official newspaper, "The Black Panther" which further describes itself as the "Black Community News Service," states that the BPP advocates the use of guns and guerrilla tactics in its revolutionary program to end approximation of the black people. Residents of the black community are urged to arm themselves against the police who are consistently referred to in the publication as "pigs" who should be killed.

"The Black Panther" issue of September 7, 1968, contains an editorial by BPP Minister of Education, GEORGE MASON MURRAY, which ends with the following:

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ORGANIZATION OF AFRO-AMERICAN UNITY, INC. (OAAU)

On June, 28, 1964, Malcolm X Little, founder and leader of the Muslim Mosque, Inc. (MMI), publicly announced the formation of a new, all-Negro, militant civil rights action group to be known as the Organization of Afro-American Unity (OAAU), with himself as Chairman. This announcement was made at a public rally held by the MMI in the Audubon Ballroom, Broadway and 166th Streets, New York City.

A printed and published statement of basic OAAU aims read by Malcolm X at this meeting indicates that it shall include "all" people of African descent in the Western Hemisphere, as well as "our" brothers and sisters on the African continent. It is patterned after the "letter and spirit" of the Organization of African Unity established (by African heads of States) at Addis Ababa, Ethiopia, in May, 1963.

A recording of the remarks of Malcolm X at this meeting indicates that the aim of the OAAU is to eliminate differences between Negroes so they can work together for "Human Rights," while the initial objective is to "inter-nationalize" the American civil rights movement by taking it to the United Nations. Little condemned the nonviolent ciril rights movement and claims that Negroes should be taught to protect themselves, when and if necessary. The OAAU will sponsor a program for Negroes in education, politics, culture, economics and social reform.

Malcolm X was assassinated on February 21, 1965, while addressing an OAAU rally at the Audubon Ballroom, New York City.

On April 13, 1965, a source advised that on March 26, 1965, the OAAU filed a Certificate of Incorporation with the Department of State, State of New York, Albany, New York, and henceforth the organization's true name would be Organization of Afro-American Unity, Incorporated.

On February 28, 1966, a second source advised that the president and head of the OAAU is Ella Collins, a half-sister of the late Malcolm X who resides in the Harlem Section of New York City.

On May 8, 1967, the first source advised that the headquarters of the OAAU is located at 224 West 139th Street, New York, New York, which is the residence of Ella Collins.

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In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Charlotte, North Carolina July 24, 1969

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BLACK PANTHER PARTY (BPP)

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Charlotte, North Carolina July 24, 1969

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

BLACK PANTHER PARTY RACIAL MATTERS

on April 24, 1969, advised that a student at Winston-Salem State Teachers College, who worked with "Experiment in Self Reliance," Winston-Salem, North Carolina, have in the past been in contact with individuals from Greensboro, North Carolina, concerning BPP matters.

however, has determined they made plans to affiliate Black Fanthers at Greensbore with the militant individuals in Winston-Salem, so that they may more easily raise the \$300 for the charter

on April 28, 1969, advised that a BPP sponsored party had recently been held at the Negro American Legion Fost in Winston-Salem. THURMOND DUBOISE and FARRY TYSON gave the party and sold mixed drinks specifically to assist in raising the \$300 for the charter from California.

On April 29, 1969, reported there had been a meeting the previous evening at 7:30 P. M., at Winston-Salem however, Black Panther members were involved (1),

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On June 2, 1969, advised that on Thursday, Friday and Saturday of the last several weeks, two out-of-town Black Panthers known only as KENYATA (phonetic) and MATISE (phonetic) were in Winston-Salem selling the Black Panther newspaper.

CE T-11 has reported that NATHANIEL SHELP, also known as NATE, is a member of the BPP group at Winston-Salem, North Carolina /(/)

On June 16, 1969, reported that NATHANIEL SHELF, also known as NATE, had been observed selling the BPP newspaper in Winston-Salem, North Carolina. determined from SHELF that the papers were obtained at the "Cultural Exchange" on Northwest Boulevard, Winston-Salem, North Carolina, and that when SHELF was through selling newspapers, he was to return the money to the man who ran the Cultural Exchange. also reported that while at the Cultural Exchange, the person identified as CLARENCE WALKER was observed wearing a Black Panther type shirt and claimed to be a Black Panther.

DUBOISE was at the first organizational meeting of the BPP held at the House of Commons in Winston-Salem, North Carolina

On July 2, 1969, advised that he was aware of approximately fifteen individuals who appear to be members of the BPP in Winston-Salem, North Carolina, one of which is an individual known as NATE.

Attached as an appendix of this memorandum is a characterization of the BPP.

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APPENDIX

BLACK PANTHER PARTY

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The national headquarters of the BPP is located at 3106 Shattuck Avenue, Barkeley, California. Branches have been established at various locations throughout the United States.



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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Charlotte, North Carolina
July 24, 1969

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Charlotte, North Carolina July 24, 1969

BLACK PANTHER PARTY RACIAL MATTERS



On February 6, 1969, advised that on February 5, 1969, students of A and T State University, Greensboro, North Carolina, took over the Administration Building starting about 1:00 or 2:00 P.M. About 11:00 P.M., NUNDING, Black Panther leader in Greensboro, came over and started speaking to the students on the main floor. NUNDI wanted the group to stay on in the building and offered Black Panther help, but he did not seem to get too much response from the people. According to NUNDING is also known as HAROLD AVENT. NUNDING made the statement that he was from New York and that he was a Black Panther Party man and that the Black Panthers could help the students. ERIC BROWN, Black Panther Party member, was seen in the Administration Building and had a transistor radio listening to news broadcasts.

advised that observation of 315 West Camel Street revealed that eight or ten cars seemed to come and go to that address, which is the residence of NELSON JOHNSON. None of the people could be recognized, however, by about 11:00 or 12 midnight, most of the crowd seemed to have dispersed. / / /

reported that on ROBERT HEARNES, who runs the College Drive-In, East Market Street, said that a number of the Black Panther Party members were hanging around his place. HEARNES is definitely a member of the Black lanther larty.

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BLACK PANTHER PARTY RACIAL MATTERS

It is noted that during the period has reported ROBERT LEE HEARNES, who operates the College Drive-In on East Market Street, Greensboro, North Carolina, as a member of the Black Panther Party,

on February 6, 1969, advised that during the sit-in conducted at A and T State University, Greensboro, North Carolina, on February 5, 1969, an individual claiming to be a Black Panther Party member addressed the students involved in the sit-in urging them to continue.

A characterization of the Black Panther Party is attached as an appendix to this memorandum.

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CHARDENTAL



According to its official newspaper, the Black Panther Party (BPP) was started during December, 1966, in Oakland, California, to organize black people so they can take control of the life, politics, and the destiny of the black community. It was organized by BOBBY GEORGE SEALE, BPP Chairman, and HUEY P. NEWTON, BPP Minister of Defense. NEWTON is presently serving a sentence of 2 to 15 years on a conviction of manslaughter in connection with the killing of an Oakland police officer.

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Charlotte, North Carolina July 24, 1969

BLACK PANTHER PARTY RACIAL MATTERS

trocheboro, North Carolina. This was a BPP neeting and "NADINZ" was telling the about what the white man has done and is doing to the black man. Persons recognized as being present tree.

WEISON JOHNSON made the statement that

NEISON JOHNSON made the statement that the Black Panthers had gotten organized in Dudley High School, A and T College, Page High School, and Smith High School, claiming the Panthers have two handred sympathizers at Dudley High School who would be ready to move on signal from the Panther leaders. WALTER FRANK made the statement that he was a Panther and said, "After all his draft appeals are exhausted, he would tell the board simply that the Black Panther Constitution forbids him to fight any wars anywhere for anybody except which the Panthers sauction, goodnight."

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NELSON JCHNSON made the statement that he was watching anyone who happens to drop by because, if anyone comes to him and tries to get him involved in any kind of plot with dynamite before the Panther Headquarters say the time is right, that he will tell them it is their thing and they should go ahead and do it because it could be a police trap.

reported that on

shother meeting of the EPP was held at
Greensboro,
North Carolina. NADINE or NUNDING was the principal
speaker and gave a lecture which was a rematition of facts
from Chairman MAO TSE-TUNG with about present.
It appeared that at least five or six of those present were
undoubtedly high school children. Also present were

advised that on February 18, 1989, a meeting sponsored by the BPP was held in Hodgin Hall on the A and T State University campus with about 35 or 40 Negro males and females in attendance. Those in attendance represented a number of schools and recognized were

The discussion at this meeting concerned a memorial ceremony for MALCOLM X on February 22, 1969, where they wanted to remove the American flag at Windsor Community Center and replace it with a black flag with a red "X" on it.

reported that on the afternoon of February 22, 1969, about 250 to 500 Negroes assembled at the Windsor Community Center where they held a memorial ceremony for MALCOLM X. WALTER BRANE introduced CECIL ROUSON, who gave a speech concerning MALCOLM X; and Faithers recognized at the ceremony were NULSON JOHRSON, WALTER BRANE, NUNDING, CECIL ROUSON, and ROBERT HEARNES.

HEARNES made the statement that his drive-in restaurant on East Narket Street was more or less black Panther Party Headquarters and invited everyone to come and hang out there. NELSON JOHNSON was scared that he might do something that would get him kicked out of school, noting he attends A and T-State University, and prevailed upon the crowd present not to raise the black flag at the Windsor Community Center, which is Greensboro, North Carolina, city property. But instead the group walked to the Bennett College campus where they lowered the American flag and raised the black flag at the end of their MALCOLM X commemoration ceremony.

It was learned that another proup of Elack Panthers was also meeting at North Carolina, and that Numbing has not returned from his trip to New York. Without the leadership of NUNDING, there does not seem to be much organization as far as the Black Panthers are concerned.

is a new Black Panther Party member at Greensboro, North Carolina, who is supposedly from South Carolina.

It was determined NUNDING has discussed the fact that, after he left Greensboro, North Carolina, on February 26, 1969, and went to New York, he had been in New York, University of Wisconsin, Madison, Wisconsin, and also claimed he had been in Oregon and Gakland, California, and back to Connecticut before coming back to Greensboro.

NUNDING claims that he has been offered a teaching job in Connecticut but stated that he would be in Greensboro at least three or four months. NUNDING recently made the statement that North Carolina and the South particularly are

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effective areas for the BPP to organize and said that the area around Greensboro is going to be a "power base" since the Negroes there are really treated much better than they are in New York and the northern part of the country. ()

advised that there was

walter BRAME discussed a meeting to be held on March 25, 1969, at the Hayes Taylor YMCA where members of the Greensboro Redevelopment Commission had been urged to be present.

BRAME said that they were going to take up some of the housing problems of the poor Negroes in Greensboro and desired BPP members present. BRAME was somewhat suspicious of NUNDING and claims he has found out that NUNDING is not really a member of the BPP from New York as he has claimed in the past.

reported that on March 25, 1959, a meeting was held at the Hayes Taylor YMCA, East Market Street, Greensboro, North Carolina, attended by about 300 to 400 people which included at least 35 to 40 BPP members. Those in charge of the meeting were WALTER ERAME and NELSON JOHNSON, with only one member of the Greensboro Redevelopment Commission showing up. After the meeting was over, WALTER BRAME said that in a few more days there would be more Black Panther Party members coming to Greensboro. BRAME indicated that NUNDING and ERIC BROWN are the ones who are pushing the administration at A and T State University to come out with a public statement condemning the police department for firing at students at A and T State University on March 14, 1969.

reported that there is dissension between NUNDING and WALTER BRAME. BRAME claims that he is the official leader of the BPP in Greensboro, although NUNDING has claimed that he is the leader. Some

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of the militants in Greensboro do not trust NUNDING since they believe that he is a phony. WALTER BRAME has said that he had made some checks in New York and that neither NUNDING or ERIC BROWN are as big members of the BPP in New York as they claim to be.

made a statement that he is glad that is in jail since was an informant for either the FBI or the local police. ERAME indicated that he is making an effort to take over all of the BPP leadership from NUMDING, whose true name has been determined to be HAROLD AVENT.

On reported that on a Black Panther political meeting was held Greensboro, North Carelina.

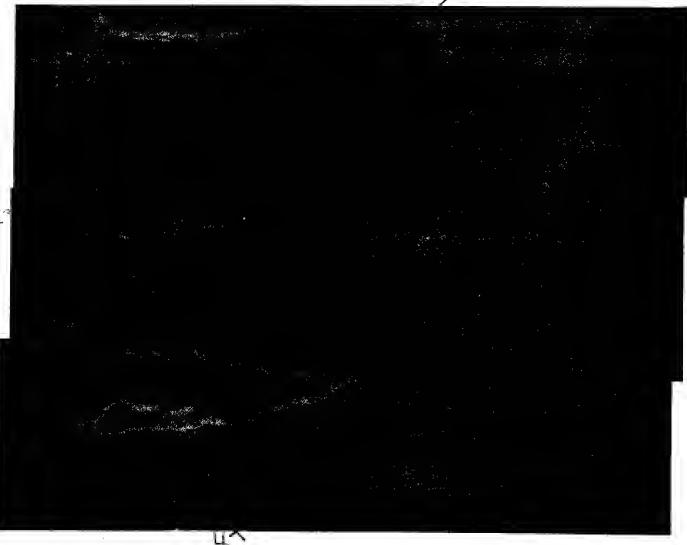
old recordings of speeches by MALCOLM X, and the group discussed them analyzing the political situation. It was determined that W. E. M. BRYANT, JR., has opened a Black-African store on the corner of Market and Benbow Road in Greensboro and calls his place the "House of Umivasimoja." This is supposed to be an African term; and ERYANT has artifacts, publications, books, and African regalia for (4) sale.

on reported that on it was determined that Half LD AVENT, also known as NUNDING, had left Greensboro; and he one seems to think he will return. A group met to discuss the future direction of the BPP activity at Greensbord.

advised that WALTER REAME bas made the statement that he has written a letter to Cincinnati, Ohio, where PAUL SEZON, former head of the Office of Economic Opportunity in Greensboro, is moving. He said that he was writing to tell the Black Panthers in Circinnati not to deal with GEZON as the Panthers in Greensboro did not like GEZON or his work.

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reported that on April 15, 1969, the Greensboro Redevelopment Commission was holding its meeting in the City Council Chamber in Greensboro. About 20 to 25 Panthers showed up at the meeting with WALTER BRAME rampodding the Front.



CONFIDENTIAL

RE: BLACK PANTHER PARTY



According to the there was no indication that HOWARD IAMAR FULLER was a member of the BPP; however, he was sympathetic to the philosophy and comments of the BPP members who were present at the meeting.

According to CHICO NEBLETT said that NUNDING claimed that he had joined the BPP; but actually the BPP had closed its membership prior to the time that NUNDING had said that he had become a member. CHICO stated that he had been hearing about NUNDING in the South, and several weeks are MUNDING had

because he wanted to get this matter straight about his so-called membership in the BPP.

W. E. M. PRYANT indicated that a high-ranking person in the RPP organization, and been in Greensboro on in discussions with and had cleared with concerning Mack Finthers from Greensboro going to Winston-Salem, North Carolina, on to hold a rally.

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CONFIDENTIAL

RE: BLACK PANTHER PARTY

some two hundred people were coming to Greensboro over the weekend and these were militants from all over the country. said that the group was going to be carrying weapons while in Greensboro so they could get accustomed to carrying guns and feel what it is like to have a rifle or shotgun in their hands.

a group of some 100 to 150 Negro males and females met at Hodgin Hall, A and T State University, Greensboro, North Carolina. There were 14 individuals who were introduced to the crowd as having come from Cornell University. This was determined to be a meeting of the "Student Organization for Black Unity (SOBU)."

and a few other individuals recognized as now members were present at this meeting.

PRYANT'S book store is now the center for black militant activity in Greensboro, North Carolina. BRYANT sells mainly paperback books and hardback books about MALCOLM X, the Muslims, and so forth. The only BPP publication he is the Black Panther Newspaper.

on reported that the situation at Dudley High School is tense and that people are upset in view of the talk spread by the black militants as if the police are trying to harass the sympathizers of CLAUDE DARNES, a member of the BPP who was refused permission by school officials to run for a student body office.

n reporter for the Greensboro Record, a daily Greensboro, Worth Carolina, newspaper, contacted CECIL ROUSON and wanted to write up something about the BPP. ROUSON talked to a

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number of the BPP members, and they said they were not going to even talk to any white man. W. E. M. BRYANT, JR., agreed to talk with HOPKINS.(1)

reported that on the evening of May 16, 1969, beginning at about 6:30 P. M., a mass meeting was held at the Shiloh Church on Asheboro Street, Greensboro, North Carolina, to discuss the Dudley High School situation. Recognized as present were EFF members

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reported that on May 21, 1969, there were pickets on Lincoln Street in front of Dudley High School, Greensboro; and at the same time a group of some 5,100 students gathered in Nocho Park near Dudley High School. Recognized talking to the group were of the EPP, Greensboro. After the group fistenes to the specches, they started heading back to Dudley High School with violence erupting thereafter and students throwing rocks and bottles at police and breaking out windows in one of the buildings.



it was determined that the has been attending meetings of a logitimate group meeting in the

BRAD (LAST NAME UNKNOWN)

has been determined to be BRAD BELCHER.



"Feoples Houses" in Greensboro, North Carolina. Peoples House Number 1 is 315 West Camel Street, the home of NELSON ACHNSON. Peoples House Number 2 is the residence of TRACY LIGHTOWFR at 108 Durham Street, Greensboro, North Carolina. Peoples House Number 3 is 317 Beech Street, the home of ENIC BROWN.

State University students were overheard talking at W. E. M. BRYANT's store; however, their identities were not known. They said that was the man who directed the operation of the shooting at police on the night of May 22, 1969, at Scott Hall on A and T State University. These students claimed that directed some of the students to sneak out onto the campus causing the police to be drawn down Luther Street to the dead end where the crossfire for the campus was directed against the police and they were injured. It is not known whether this is true but was the opinion expressed by these two students. It was also said that most of the guns were taken out of Scott Hall between 4:00 and 4:30 A. M. on May 23, 1969, prior to the time the National Guard swept the campus.



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recting of the BPP was held

NUNDING insisted that NEWTON was unjustly shot and said that it was a typical example of the injustice that Negroes have to put up with when they are dealing with white cohorts. During the meeting, NUNDING listed the executives of the BPP as Minister of Defense HUEY P. NEWTON, Minister of Information ELPRIDGE CLEAVER, Prime Minister STOKYLY CARMICHAEL, Chairman BOBBY SEALS. He gave main offices of the EPP as 4421 Grove Street, Oakland, California, with mailing address of Post Office Box 8641, Emoryville Branch, Oakland, California.///

reported that on there was a regularly scheduled meeting of the BPP

Tebruary 21, 1969, memorial ceremonies for MALCOLM X were held at the Windsor Community Center, Greensboro, North Carolina. One of the speakers was CECIL ROUSON, a former bodyguard of MALCOLM X. HAROLD AVENT also speke and said that police officers observing the ceremony were a bunch of pigs, urging all Negroes to get a "piece," meaning a gun, and use it when necessary ((/))

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AVENT had returned to New York and was to return to Greensboro, North Carolina, at a later date. According to AVENT did not return to Greensboro 1969; and during this period, no actual meetings were need.

advised that a representative from Oakland, California, was in Greensboro, North Carolina, trying to get the BPP organized.

when they get the BPP together and not in various small groups as it is now, he was going to make Greensboro pay for what it did to him when he was arrested in connection with the robbery of Sid's Curb Market.

admitted that he robbed the man and stated he was mad for having been put in jail under high bond.

Main Street, Durham, North Carolina, Movised a special agent of the FBI that HOWARD L. FULLER, who acts as director of training in community organization for the Foundation for Community Development, had made arrangements and brought CHICO NEBLETT to teach and speak for one day at the MALCOLM X Liberation University during April, 1969. However, he, did not hear NEBLETT speak. Durham, North Carolina; although, according to his information, CHICO NEBLETT is associated with the EPP.

CARVER GENE NEBLETT, also known as CHICO NEBLETT, has been publicly identified as the East Coast Field Marshal for the BFP.

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RE: BLACK PANTHER PARTY

Attached as an appendix to this memorandum are characterizations of the Black Panther Party (BPP) and the Student Non-Violent Coordinating Committee (SNCC). Also attached is a characterization of the Organization of Afro-American Unity which contains background information regarding MALCOLM X LITTLE, also known as MALCOLM X.

According to its official newspaper, the Black Panther Party (BPP) was started during December, 1966, in Oakland, California, to organize black people so they can take control of the life, politics, and the destiny of the black community. It was organized by BOBBY GEORGE SEALE, BPP Chairman, and HUEY P. NEWTON, BPP Minister of Defense. NEWTON is presently serving a sentence of 2 to 15 years on a conviction of manslaughter in connection with the killing of an Oakland police officer.

The official newspaper, "The Black Panther," which further describes itself as the "Black Community News Service," states that the BPP advocates the use of guns and guerrilla tactics in its revolutionary program to end oppression of the black people. Residents of the black community are urged to arm themselves against the police who are consistently referred to in the publication as "pigs" who should be killed.

"The Black Panther" issue of September 7, 1968, contains an editorial by BPP Minister of Education, GEORGE MASON MURRAY, which ends with the following:

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Included in the introduction to an article appearing in the October 5, 1968, edition of "The Black Panther" is the statement, "...we will not dissent from American Government. We will overthrow it."

Issues of "The Black Panther" regularly contain quotations from the writings of Chairman MAO Tse-tung of the People's Republic of China and feature MAO's statement that "political power grows out of the barrel of a gun."

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APPENDIX

STUDENT NONVIOLENT COORDINATING COMMITTEE SNCC

The Student Nonviolent Coordinating Committee (SNCC), headquartered at 360-362 Nelson Street, S.W., Atlanta, Georgia, is a nonmembership organization, which was born out of the sit-in movement that erupted across the South beginning in 1960.

Today SNCC identifies itself as an organization in the revolutionary vanguard. It advocates that to be successful it is necessary to develop a revolutionary ideology and revolutionary program.

According to SNCC, the year 1967 marked a historic milestone in the struggle for the liberation of black people in the United States and the year that revolutionaries throughout the world began to understand more fully the impact of the black movement. SNCC declared that "liberation will come only when there is final destruction of this mad octopus - the capitalistic system of the United States with all its life-sucking tentacles of exploitation and racism that choke the people of Africa, Asia, and Latin America. The realities of black life, together with the recognition instilled in SNCC workers forced its members to further popularize the legitimacy of self-defense and rebellions when oppression became too great."

From May, 1966, until May, 1967, Stokely Carmichael was National Chairman of SNCC. As of July, 1968, Carmichael resided in Washington, D. C., where he was affiliated with SNCC and active as temporary chairman of a black coalition group. In May, 1967, Carmichael was replaced by Hubert Geroid Brown, commonly known as H. Rap Brown, who served until June, 1968.

In June, 1968, at the Staff and Central Committee meeting of SNCC held in Atlanta, Georgia, it was decided to restructure the organization by equalization of responsibility by creating ten deputy or vice chairmanships. The primary purpose for this change is to take law enforcement pressure off any single individual.

APPENDIX

ORGANIZATION OF AFRO-AMERICAN UNITY, INC. (OAAU)

On June, 28, 1964, Malcolm X Little, founder and leader of the Muslim Mosque, Inc. (MM1), publicly announced the formation of a new, all-Negro, militant civil rights action group to be known as the Organization of Afro-American Unity (OAAU), with himself as Chairman. This announcement was made at a public rally held by the MMI in the Audubon Mallroom, Broadway and 166th Streets, New York City.

A printed and published statement of basic OAAU aims read by Malcolm X at this meeting indicates that it shall include "all" people of African descent in the Western Hemisphere, as well as "our" brothers and sisters on the African continent. It is patterned after the "letter and spirit" of the Organization of African Unity established (by African heads of States) at Addis Ababa, Ethiopia, in May, 1963.

A recording of the remarks of Malcolm X at this meeting indicates that the aim of the OAAU is to eliminate differences between Negroes so they can work together for "Human Rights," while the initial objective is to "inter-nationalize" the American civil rights movement by taking it to the United Nations. Little condemned the nonviolent civil rights movement and claims that Negroes should be taught to protect themselves, when and if necessary. The OAAU will sponsor a program for Negroes in education, politics, culture, economics and social reform.

Malcolm X was assessinated on February 21, 1965, while addressing an OAAU raily at the Audubon Ballroom, New York City.

On April 13, 1965, a source advised that on March 26, 1965, the OAAU filed a Certificate of Incorporation with the Department of State, State of New York, Albany, New York, and henceforth the organization's true name would be Organization of Afro-American Unity, Incorporated.

On February 28, 1966, a second source advised that the president and head of the OAAU is Ella Collins, a half-sister of the late Malcolm X who resides in the Harlem Section of New York City.

On May 8, 1967, the first source advised that the headquarters of the OAAU is located at 224 West 139th Street, New York, New York, which is the residence of Ella Collins.

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In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Charlotte, North Carolina July 24, 1969

Title

BLACK PANTHER PARTY

Character

RACIAL MATTERS

Reference

Memorandum dated July 24, 1989, at Charlotte, North Carolina, captioned as above.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Charlotte, North Carolina

July 24, 1969

In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

> BLACK PANTHER PARTY WINSTON-SALEM, NORTH CAROLINA RACIAL MATTERS

reported that there On February 20, 1969, were apparent attempts by the Black Panther Party (BPP) members at Greensboro, North Carolina, to contact students at Winston-Salem State Teachers College, Winston-Salem, reported that HARRY KATISON, a Ha 1819 North Carolina. Negro male Pennsylvania, was the apparent leader of the students interested in becoming members of the BPP. (U)

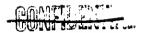
reported that on ERIC PATRICK BROWN, to Winston-Salem, North Carolina, a group of individuals at a place known as The House of Commons, which annuars to be a neighborhood were in attendance and community center. BROWN indicated that all activity in the name of the BPP at Winston-Salem, with the exception of political edication classes, is to cease due to the fact no charter has been obtained from the BPP Headquarters. A portion of the meeting was taken up with ERIC BROWN having

advised that a student at Winston-Salem State Teachers College, who worked with "Experiment and Self Rellance", Winston-Salem, North Carolina, have in the

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RE: BLACK PANTHER PARTY, WINSTON-SALEM, NORTH CAROLINA

past been in contact with individuals from Greensboro,
North Carolina, concerning BPP matters.

however, has
determined the mane plans to affiliate Black Panthers at
Greensboro with the militant individuals in Winston-Salem,
so that they may more easily raise the \$300 for the charter
from California.

advised that members of the BPP at Greensboro traveled to Winston-Salem, North Carolina. The purpose was to collect money for bond and defense of who is in jail in Greensboro, North Carolina.

on advised that a BPP sponsored party had recently been held at the Negro American Legion Post in Winston-Salem. THURMOND DUBOISE and HARRY TYSON gave the party and sold mixed drinks specifically to assist in raising the \$300 for the charter from California.

on reported there had been a meeting the previous evening at 7:30 p.m., at Winston-Salem, however, Black Panther members were involved.

On June 2, 1969, advised that on Thursday, Friday, and Saturday of the last several weeks, two out-of-town Black Panthers known only as KENYATA (phonetic) and MATISE (phonetic) were in Winston-Salem selling the Black Panther newspaper.

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RE: BLACK PANTHER PARTY, WINSTON-SALEM, NORTH CAROLINA

GREER was apparently the head of the Black Panther group in Winston-Salem, North Carolina, and WILLIAM RICE and JULIUS CORNELL are also members advised that THURMOND DUBOISE was at the first organization of the BPP held at the House of Commons, however, has had no contact with DUBOISE in view of the fact that GREER thinks the House of Commons is bugged and he and several others have been meeting at GREER's residence.

who appear to be members of the BIP. advised one of these individuals was known as NATE.

On June 16, 1969, reported that NATHANIEL SHELF, also known as NATE had been observed selling the BPP newspaper in Winston-Salem, North Carolina. determined from SHELF that the papers were obtained at the "Cultural Exchange" on Northwest Boulevard, Winston-Salem, North Carolina, and that when SHELF was through selling newspapers, he was to return the money to the man who ran the Cultural Exchange. T-11 also reported that while at the Cultural Exchange, the person identified as CLARENCE WALKER was observed wearing a Black Panther type shirt and claimed to be a Black Panther

advised that on the Saturday before
the Flack Panther unit in Winston-Salem had
had physical training at Paisley High School and the
Wednesday before that at Kennedy Junior High School.
stated there were approximately 20 members present, one of
whom was identified as JESSIE STITT. said that the
Secretary-Treasurer of the Winston-Salem group was NELSONMALLOY (1)

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CONTREMENTAL

RE: BLACK PANTHER PARTY, WINSTON-SALEM, NORTH CAROLINA

approximately 20 members of the Black Panther group in Winston-Salem, North Carolina, which group is not chartered or recognized by the National RPP organization.

The individuals previously mentioned in this memorandum are the known membership at Winston-Salem, North Carolina.

A characterization of the Black Panther Party is attached as an appendix to this memorandum.

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BLACK PANTHER PARTY

According to its official newspaper, the Black Panther Party (BPP) was started during December, 1966, in Oakland, California, to organize black people so they can take control of the life, politics, and the destiny of the black community. It was organized by BOBBY GEORGE SEALE, BPP Chairman, and HUEY P. NEWTON, BPP Minister of Defense. NEWTON is presently serving a sentence of 2 to 15 years on a conviction of manslaughter in connection with the killing of an Oakland police officer.

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In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

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Title BLACK PANTHER PARTY
WINSTON-SALEM, NORTH CAROLINA

Character · RACIAL MATTERS

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All sources except CE T-17 with whom insufficient contact has been had from which to judge his reliability.

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Charlotte, North Carolina July 24, 1969

BLACK PANTHER PARTY RACIAL MATTERS

reported that the Afro-American Student Organization at Fayetteville State College, Fayetteville, North Carolina, was sponsoring a "Black Political Education Program" during the week of April 21-25, 1969. Listed as speakers for the program are CHICO NEBLETT, East Coast Field Marshal of the Black Panther Party (BPP), and KOKO HUGHES, Central Coordinator of the Black Panther Party. advised other scheduled speakers during the week would be Q. T. JACKSON, Vice President of the Student Government of Howard University, Washington, District of Columbia, and J. T. MC QUEEN, President of the Black Student Union, George Washington University, Washington, District of Columbia. (1)

advised that JAMES GARRETT, Head of the Black Studies Department, Federal City College, Washington, District of Columbia, and PAUL MONROE, Acting Chairman of the Black Student Union Alliance, Washington, District of Columbia, DON L. LEE, Cornell University, and CLEVELAND SELLERS, Instructor in Black Ideology at Cornell University, are scheduled to appear as speakers during the program and workshops

advised the purpose of the program is to emphasize the need for pointical education in the black community and the implementation of "total liberation of the black people."

advised the Black Political Education Program opened at 6:30 P.M. on April 21, 1969, with a 1/1

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BLACK PANTHER PARTY RACIAL MATTERS

meeting in the quadrangle of the dining hall on campus. The first speaker was CHICO NEBLETT who outlined the policies of the Black Panther Party and made the following quotes:

"We Black Panthers do not advocate war, we don't talk of hating honkies but of an undying love for ourselves and our people." (ν)

"We black have been robbed by the white of our money, housing, food, culture and identity. We have been raped and robbed of our humanity so systematically that we don't even realize it."

advised after the opening speech by NEBLETT before approximately three hundred people, that a workshop was held, attended by about ninety persons, in which NEBLETT talked about the "white man has robbed the Indians, Negroes, Africans, and have created germicide, but yet the white call us blacks violent." NEBLETT again stated the Black Panthers do not advocate violence or war, and the only reason for carrying guns was to protect themselves from the impulsive "white fool." NEBLETT explained the Black Panther Party Ten Point Plan and said the greatest of the points was to "free all black prisoners," and for "black men to be exempt from the military service." stated in essence NEBLETT was saying that the only way to dear with the white man was through violence because that is the only thing the white man understands.

stated NEBLETT was not too overly impressive in his talks but did speak with a very militant tone and stressed militancy throughout his talks. The students did not appear too interested in the Black Panther Party, and no application or inference was made for the students to join the party. During the workshop, stated the students continuously inquired of NEBLETT the reason for the Black Panther Party, their aims, purposes, and just how students would be helpful to the party. The Black Panther Party talks by NEBLETT did not appear to influence the students and there was very little support or encouragement for the party at the workshop. It was apparent that CHICO was not too enthused with the reception of the students.

stated KOKO HUGHES talked a very short time with the women, stressing the importance of the black woman in the black community and in society today. She told the women that they should improve their image, change their hair style to Afro, wear the right type of clothing and to become African and believe in the Black awareness.

Fayetteville either the evening of April 21, 1969, or April 22, 1969.

Observed CHICO driving a 1967-69 Corvette Stingray, dark beize in color, bearing New York license, number unknown.

did not know how long CHICO would remain on campus.

on advised that the scheduled speakers, Q. T. JACKSON and J. T. MC QUEEN, both failed to appear at the college and did not speak, therefore, the programs for April 22, 1969, and April 23, 1969, were not conducted. Stated a play, "Halleluiah, Baby," was being presented on campus on Thursday and Friday, April 24 and 25, 1969, as part of the program.

On advised no other workshops in connection with the Black Political Education Program were held inasmuch as the scheduled speakers failed to appear for the program. Stated the play will be held on April 25, 1969, which will close the program. Stated the program was very loosely organized and was considered a failure as none of the scheduled speakers, except CHICO and KOKO appeared. Stated that the talks by the Black Panthers did not appear to be overly impressive to the students and through inquiry he was unable to obtain any information that the Black Panther Party has any support on the campus.

CARVER GENE NEMLETT, also known as CHICO, and Domorni JEAN MC QUEEN HUGHES, also known as KOKO, as being identical to the two speakers on April 21, 1969. //

Characterization of the Black Panther Party is attached as an appendix to this memorandum.

BLACK PANTHER PARTY

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as above.

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. In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
Charlotte, North Carolina
July 24, 1969

CONFIDENTIAL

BLACK PANTHER PARTY RACIAL MATTERS

On reported that ROBERT GREER was apparently the head of the Black Panther group in Winston-Salem, North Carolina, and WILLIAM RICE and JULIUS CORNELL are also members. advised that THURMOND DUBOISE was at the first organization of the BPP held at the House of Commons, however, has had no contact with DUBOISE in view of the fact that GREER thinks the House of Commons is bugged and he and several others have been

On reported that there are approximately 20 members of the Black Panther group in Winston-Salem, North Carolina, which group is not chartered or recognized by the National BPP organization.

meeting at GREER's residence / U

advised that on the Saturday before the Black Panther unit in Winstonousalem had EXCLUDED FROM AUTOMATIC

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RE: BLACK PANTHER PARTY

had physical training at Paisley High School and the Wednesday before that at Kennedy Junior High School.

stated there were approximately 20 members present, one of whom was identified as JESSIE STITT.

said that the Secretary-Treasurer of the Winston-Salem group was NELSON MALLOY.

individuals who appear to be members of the BPP. advised one of these individuals was known as NATE (U)

On April 24, 1969, dvised that a student at Winston-Salem State Teachers
College; and who worked with the "Experiment in Self Reliance", Winston-Salem, North Carolina, have in the past been in contact with individuals from Greensboro, North Carolina, concerning BPP matters

Attached is a characterization of the BPP

CONFIDENTIAL

APPENDIX

BLACK PANTHER PARTY

According to its official newspaper, the Black Panther Party (BPP) was started during December, 1966, in Oakland, California, to organize black people so they can take control of the life, politics, and the destiny of the black community. It was organized by BOBBY GEORGE SEALE, BPP Chairman, and HUEY P. NEWTON, BPP Minister of Defense. NEWTON is presently serving a sentence of 2 to 15 years on a conviction of manslaughter in connection with the killing of an Oakland police officer.

The official newspaper, "The Black Panther," which further describes itself as the "Black Community News Service," states that the BPP advocates the use of guns and guerrilla tactics in its revolutionary program to end oppression of the black people. Residents of the black community are urged to arm themselves against the police who are consistently referred to in the publication as "pigs" who should be killed.

"The Black Panther" issue of September 7, 1968, contains an editorial by BPP Minister of Education, GEORGE MASON MURRAY, which ends with the following:

"Black men. Black people, colored persons of America, revolt everywhere: Arm yourselves. The only culture worth keeping is a revolutionary culture. Change. Freedom everywhere. Dynamites Black Power. Use the gun. Kill the pigs everywhere."

Included in the introduction to an article appearing in the October 5, 1968, edition of "The Black Panther" is the statement, "... we will not dissent from American Government. We will overthrow it."

Issues of "The Black Panther" reguarly contain quotations from the writings of Chairman MAO Tse-tung of the People's Republic of China and feature MAO's statement that "political power grows out of the barrel of a gun."

The national headquarters of the BPP is located at 3106 Shattuck Avenue, Berkeley, California. Branches have been established at various locations throughout the United States.

CONFIDENTIAL



In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION Charlotte, North Carolina July 24, 1969

Title

BLACK PANTHER PARTY

Character

RACIAL MATTERS

Reference

Memorandum at Charlotte, N. C.,

dated and captioned as above.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

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SPIRI J. AI TH, CHARLOTTE, ECRTH CAROLINA, JULY ELEVEN JULY ELEVEN

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WHO ARE AGAINST PLETURY MAR, ARE PLANNING TO MEET AT THREE P.M.

OF JULY TLEVEN "INSTEEN SIXTYNINE AT MAIN U.S. POST OFFICE,

CHARLOTTE, AGRIC CAROLINA, WHERE THE GROUP TENTATIVELY PLANS TO

STUDE TOLDING A LIST OF MANES OF MICTIAN MAR DEAD. A FEW OF THE

MEMBERS OF THE GROUP WILL BE AT THE CHARLOTTE, N.C., AIRPORT

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A "POSTER PARTY" ON FIGHT OF JULY TEM MI"ETEEN SIXTYNINE TO
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AND TO INDICATE THAT WHILE A GROUP OF HIGH RAMMING POLITICIANS
ARE HAVING A BANQUET, POOR IN UNITED STATES ARE TO GO HUNGRY.

WHO ADVISED THE GROUP AND THOUSAND PERSONS FOR THE DEMONSTRATION HOWEVER ADVISED THERE WOULD BE LESS THAN FIVE HUNDRED EXPECTED WITH THE DEMONSTRATION PLANNED TO BE PEACEFUL.

STORET SERVICE AND MILITARY INTELLIGENCE AND LOCAL AUTHORITIES ADVISED.

ADMINISTRATIVE:

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(Priority)

DIRECTOR, FBI (105-165706 Sub 8)

The Theory of the San Control of the San Control FROM: SAC, CHARLOTTE (157-6171)

BLACK PANTHER PARTY

Re Bureau airtel 6/24/69, captioned "DEVELOPMENT OF INFORMANTS IN THE BLACK PANTHER PARTY, RM."

Review of page 7 of the 3/9/69 issue of the "Black Panther" fails to reflect that any of the individuals mentioned thereon as having been expelled from the Black Panther Party as residing within the Charlotte Division.

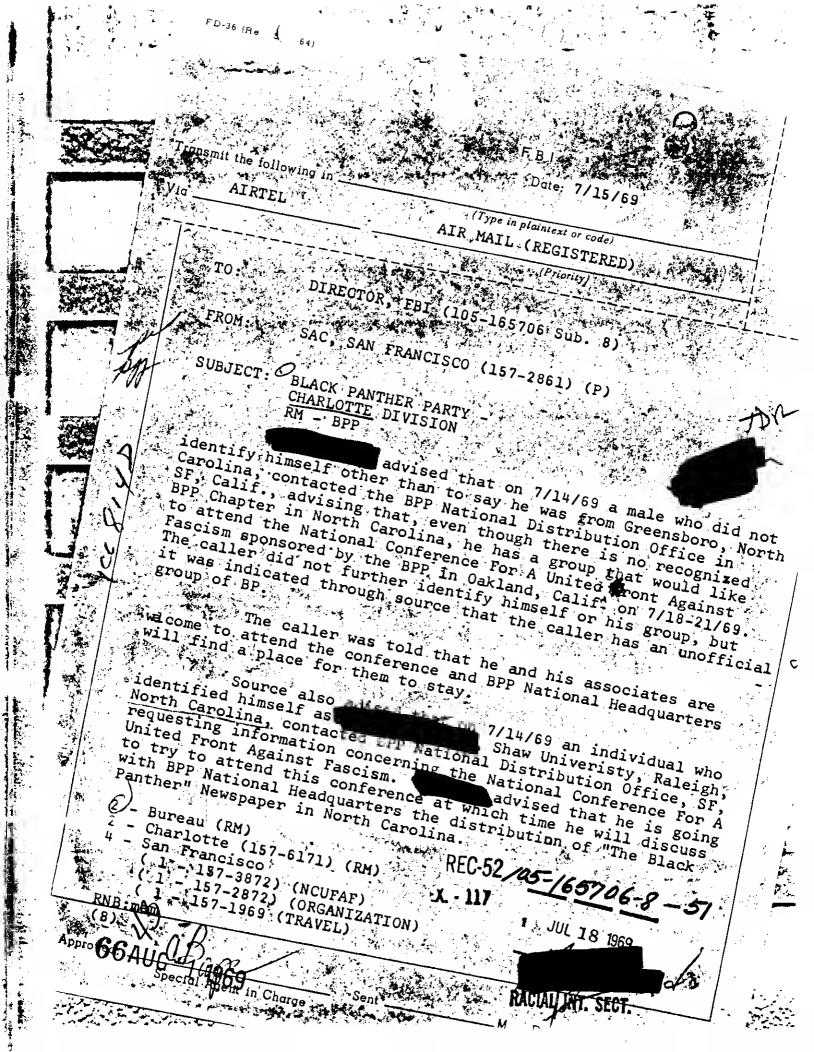
As the Bureau is aware, there is no actual chartered organization of the Black Panther Party within the Charlotte Division and the only actual member of the Black Panther Party within the Charlotte Division, considered a renegade by the national headquarters is JOSE RENE GONZALVEZ.

Agents handling investigation of the Black Panther Party within North Carolina are all aware of the need for information and informant coverage within the Black Panther Party and have been made aware of the fact that immediate interviews of persons determined to be out of favor with the leaders of their individual groups must be conducted on a Supervisory personnel responsible for the timely basis. handling of investigations within the Black Panther Party are also alert to the necessity of interviewing Black Panther Party ddissidents and those out of favor and where not immediately conducted by the individual, case agents are instructed to do so by the supervisory staff.

Bureau

San Francisco (Info.)

Charlotte:



SF 157-2861

advised that on 7/14/69 an unidentified male contacted BPP National Headquarters advising that seven individuals will attend the conference in Oakland and will arrive in Oakland about 7/17/69. These individuals were not further identified either by name or organization; and therefore, it was not possible to determine if these were the same individuals mentioned above as being the group from Greensboro. North Carolina.

also advised that on 7/14/69 an individual who identified himself only as a confidence of Greensboro, North Carolina, contacted BPP National Headquarters stating that he planned to attend the National Conference in Oakland accompanied by an individual named NIXON. He said he and NIXON will depart Greensboro on 7/14/69 en route to Oakland. Likewise, and NIXON were not further identified.

Charlotte Division to assist in identifying BPP Organizations, members, and sympathizers and determining the activity thereof

affiliated with black or white militant goups who will attend the National Conference For A United Front Against Fascism in Oakland, Calif. on 7/18-21/69, SF should be so advised.

If any of the above information is disseminated outside the Bureau, it must be suitably paraphrased to protect withis very sensitive source

Date: 5/28/69

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To White House, AG, Secret Service, CIA, STATE, ACSI, OSI, DIA, by tel 7-19-11.

CC's to DAG; AAG; CIULEE NIS.

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United States Attorney Charlotte, North Carolina July 10, 1969

WIR: JERosenberg: daw 145-12-1320

William D. Ruckelshaus Assistant Attorney Ceneral, Civil Mvision By: Harland F. Leathers, Chief Géneral Litigation Section Ben Chavis, et al. v. J. C. Goodman, Jr., et al. Civil Action No. 2490 (U.S.D.C. W.D. N.C.).

Your letter to the Criminal Division of this Department of June 9, 1969 has been referred to this office for reply. MORTY -

Plaintiffs in the captioned action are numerous Negro sympathizers with the Black Panther movement in Charlotte, North Carolina. The defendants are local and State police and other employees and Federal employees. The specifically named Federal employees are Stanley Noel, Special Agent (or Investigator) of the Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms Division of the Treasury Department, and Dean Parmann, Special Agent of the FBI. However, in addition to those specifically named Federal employees, the complaint included as defendants, under a "John Kilroy" alias, other Federal employees whose names are unknown to plaintiffs and who allegedly participated in the acts charged in the complaint.

The complaint is grounded on defendants' alleged invasion of plaintiffs' civil rights in connection with arrests, scarches of premises and seizure of various articles of property. The principal relief sought from the defendants is money damage. However, the complaint also mays for an injunction against further har assment or intimidation of plaintiffs or from defendants' obtaining arrest or search warrants or executing the same except according to proper legal procedures.

You are authorized to represent the Treasury Department employees and the FEI employees, both those who are specifically named in the complaint and those who may be encompassed within the "John Kilroy" alias.

You should move to dismiss the complaint or for summery judgment as indicated below. However, since some time will doubtless be required in connection with obtaining the necessary information and preparing the motion papers, with supporting affidavits and memorandum of law, you should move for a suitable extension of time.

REC 16 105-165706-8-

JUL 14 1969

Claim for damages

The motion to dismiss or for summary judgment should be grounded on the doctrine of official immunity, vis., that the acts of the Pederal defendants were performed in the exercise of their official duties or within the outer perimeter of those duties. Berr v. Mateo, 360 U.S. 564, 569, et seq. (1959); Holmes v. Eddy, 341 F.2d 477, 479-480 (4th Cir. 1965), cert. den., 382 U.S. 892; Norton v. McShane, 332 F.2d 855 (5th Cir. 1964), cert. den., 380 U.S. 981; Vest v. Cerrett, 392 F.2d 543 (5th Cir. 1968). The motion should be supported by affidavits by each of the Federal defendants and by a higher level superior.

With respect to the Treasury Department defendants, we enclose herewith copies of signed statements by the specifically named defendant Stanley Noel as well as by John E. Wurtele, Owen D. Bean and Earl W. Blake. These statements reflect that all their acts were performed properly and legally and in the course of their official duties. You should utilize those statements as the framework for the nffidavits to be executed and filed in support of the motion for summary judgment on behalf of the Treasury Department employees. However the affidavits by those Treasury Department defendants should expressly recite, by way of conclusion, that all their acts were performed in the exercise of their official duties or within the outer perimeter of those duties. The supporting affidavit by the higher level Treasury Department official should recite that he has read the affidavits of the Treasury defendants and that he concurs in their conclusion that all their acts were performed in the exercise of their official duties or within the outer perimeter of such duties.

Your memorandum of law in support of the motion to dismiss or for susmary judgment should emphasize that the doctrine of official immunity has as its rationale not only the experation of Government officials and employees from a civil judgment for tort liability but also for relieving them of the burden and expense of going to trial in defense of acts performed in the exercise of their official duties or within the outer perimeter of such duties. See Earr v. Matteo, 360 U.S. 564, 571 (1959); Tenney v. Brandhove, 341 U.S. 367, 377 (1951).

We have requested a report from the Director of the FBI with respect to the acts by the specifically named defendant, FBI Agent Dean Parmann, as well as his associates who may be encompassed within the "John Kilroy" alias in the complaint. Upon our receipt of such report we will forward the same to you in order that you may prepare the necessary affidavits by the FBI defendants and their superior along the lines indicated above for the affidavits by the Treasury Department defendants and their superior.

Claim for injunctive relief

With respect to the demand in the complaint for injunctive relief, you should move to dismiss on behalf of the Federal defendants on the ground that the action is in reality a suit against the United States to which it has not consented and of which the Court lacks jurisdiction.

Land v. Pollar, 330 U.S. 731, 738 (1947); Larson v. Domestic & Foreign Corp., 337 U.S. 682, 704 (1949); Pugen v. Rank, 372 U.S. 609, 620 (1963); Havell v. Gordon, 373 U.S. 57, 58 (1963). The Supreme Court held in those cases that, notwithstanding that the nominal defendants are agencies or officials of the Government, the action is in reality against the United States if the judgment will interfere with the public administration or if the effect of the judgment would be to restrain the Government from acting or to compel it to act.

Flease forward to us copies of the papers filed herein and continue to keep us informed of developments.

Enclosures

ce: Treesury Department
Internal Revenue Service
Washington, D. C. 20224

Attention: Office of Chief Counsel (Your Ref: CC:ATF-9701 L:MJD)

cc: Director, FBI

INFORMATIVE NOTE July 2, 1969

Attached letter from Civil Division of Department mentions Agent of Charlotte Office named as defendant in civil complaint and requests facts in this matter and whether we desire U.S. Attorney in Charlotte, North Carolina, to represent Agent named in this matter.

Facts previously furnished to Assistant Attorneys General, Internal Security Division and Criminal Division by letters dated 6/4/69 and 6/16/69 and they were advised Charlotte Agent in no way involved in this matter which involved arrests and searches of premises by Charlotte Police Department and Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms Division of Treasury Department.

Copies of above-mentioned letters 6/4/69 and 6/16/69 being furnished Civil Division by letter and it is being advised that facts in this case have been brought to the attention of U.S. Attorney in Charlotte and that we desire him to handle our interests in this case.

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NITED STATES GO RNI. lemorandum Mr. J. Edgar, Hoover Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation Wies Holmes Miss Candy WDR/CG Assistant Attorney General, Civil Divis chavis, et al v.J. C. Goodman, Jr., et al Cirl Action No. 2490 (U.S.D.C. W.D. N.C.) I forward herewith a copy of a civil complaint in the captioned action in which one of the named defendants is Special Agent Dean Parmann of the FBI, presumably stationed in or about Charlotte, North Carolina. The complaint charges Parmann, together with other named defendants, with violating plaintiffs' civil rights in connection with certain arrests, searches of premises and seizure of various articles of property. Under a "John Kilroy" alias, the complaint also includes as defendants other Federal enforcement agents or officials whose names are unkonwn to plaintiffs but who allegedly participated in the acts charged in the complaint I shall appreciate your furnishing me with a report of 5 6 CD the acts by Special Agent Parmann and his other associates Fincthe Bureau, if any, with respect to the matters charged. in the complaint. Please also advise me whether you and such individuals desire that they be represented by the United States Attorney in Charlotte, North Carolina, in the defense of the action. Enclosure 105-165706-8-46 56 JUL 241989

United States Attorney Charlotte, North Carolina William B. Backelshape A Assistant Attorney General, Civil Division By: Regland F. Leathers, Chief General Litigation Section Ber Chavis, et al. v. J. G. Goodson, Jr., et al. Civil Action No. 2490 (U.S.D.C. W.D. H.C.).

This supplements our mentrenden to you of July 10, 19 which we suggested the course of procedure to be followed in connection with your defense of the ceptioned action on behalf of the Federal defendants. The memorandum specifically discussed the substance of the affidavits to be prepared in support of a motion for swammry judgment.

We believe that it would be advisable for you to sobuit a draft of the proposed affiduvity for our exemination before they are executed and filed.

Thank you for your cooperation.

BLACK PANTHER PARTY

pe: Treasury Department Internal Revenue Service Weshington, D. C. 20224

> Attention: Office of Chief Counsel (Your Ref: CC:ATF-9701 L:MJD)

Director, FEI

REC 16 8/105 10 16 5706 - 8-47

17 JUL 35 1933

June 16, 1000 Director, FBI (105-105706) Reference is made to your communication dated 5/22/20 negative(s) [] photograph(s) [] document(s) [] pertaining to the above-captioned matter. transmitting In accordance with your request [] film has been developed enlargement(s) made I positive copy made [| print(s) made [] slide(s) made III negative(s) made Photostats made The above is [] attached [] being sent under separate cover, via [] registered mail ... REA Express MAILED 24 JUN 1 6 1969 COMM-FBI Enc. 175 T APS: smd if

Director, FBI

BLACK PANTHER PARTY CHARLOTTE, NURTH CAROLINA RACIAL MATTERS

June 4, 19t

1 - Mr. DeBruler (Division Six)

On May 28, 1969, Attorney at Law George S. Daly telephonically contacted the Charlotte, North Carolina, Division of this Eureau. Mr. Daly stated that he represents Michael Grant Laney and James Covington, who were recently arrested in a raid at their residence, 316 South Turner Street, Charlotte, North Carolina, by the Charlotte Police Department. He related that after interviewing his clients and other witnesses he desired to lodge a complaint about the illegal search of the residence at 316 South Turner Street by the FBI and because this residence had been under constant surveillance.

Mr. Daly was informed that the arrests of his clients were not made by Special Agents of this Bureau and that public source information available indicated that the arrests were made by the Charlotte, North Carolina, Police Department and Special Agents of the Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms Division. He was also informed that Special Agents of this Bureau did not participate in any manner in the search of the residence at 316 South Turner Street and that the search of the residence was actually conducted, according to newspaper accounts, by the Charlotte Police Department and Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms Division Agents in connection with the arre which were made.

lir. Daly did not acknowledge the explanation farmished concerning the fact that the FBI was not involved in this matter nd instead said that he had been told by his clients that FBI pent L. Dean Paarmann had been a member of the raiding party

U5-165706

S:ekwOV ...

SEE NOTE PAGE THREE

on the residence along with 40 other law enforcement officers. Mr. Daly added that within the next four to five days it is his intention to go into the U. S. District Court at Charlotte and obtain a temporary restraining order prohibiting law enforcement officers from harassing his clients.

Special Agent L. Dean Paarmann of this Bureau advised that he had not been a member of any raiding party at 316 South Turner Street, Charlotte, North Carolina, on May 27, 1969, on which date Michael Grant Laney and James Covington were arrested by the Charlotte Police Department and Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms Agents. Special Agent Paarmann also denied ever having entered this residence. Special Agent Paarmann also advised that he had not participated in a constant surveillance of this residence and had no knowledge that this residence was, in fact, under any constant surveillance. Special Agent Paarmann stated he had no knowledge that this residence was illegally searched at the time of the aforementioned raid.

Information appearing in the May 28, 1969, edition of the "Charlotte Observer," the May 28, 1969, edition of the "Charlotte News," and the May 29, 1969, edition of the "Charlotte Observer," described the events surrounding the arrests of Laney and Covington and that a raid had been conducted on the residence at 316 South Turner Street, Charlotte, North Carolina, by officers connected with the Charlotte Police Department and the Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms Division of the Internal Revenue Service.

Special Agent Paarmann advised that at approximately 11 AM on May 28, 1969, he talked with Michael Laney and James Covington at the Mecklenburg County Jail after they had been arrested and incarcerated. The reason for interviewing these individuals was to obtain information concerning a possible violation of the Antiriot Laws in an official investigation

In this regard it 18 is wanted by the local concerning police at Charlotte, North Carolina, for an attempted armed robbery of a local cab driver which took place approximately one week earlier. This Bureau's interest in connection with a possible Antiriot Laws violation is not related to the armed robbery charge for which he is currently being sought by the Charlotte Police Department.

The information set forth above has been furnished

to the United States Attorney, Charlotte, North Carolina.

1 - Assistant Attorney General Criminal Division

Information furnished by the Charlotte Division in an airtel dated 5/29/69. An informative note was prepared advising that a letter incorporating the allegations and denial of the allegations would be submitted to the Internal Security and Criminal Divisions of the Department.

⊗ Date:

Transmit the following in

(Type in plaintext or code)

TO THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF

DIRECTOR, FBI (105-165706), SAC, CHARLOTTE (157-6171) (P)

William on the state of the sta BLACK PANTHER PARTY

RACIAL MATTERS

Re Knoxville teletype to Bureau dated 6/27/69.

advised his company was previously contacted by BOB LEWIS, who described himself as a vice president of Carrolene Company, 2611 Gordon Road, Northwest Atlanta, Georgia. After initial contact, an order was received from this company on 5/12/69 for 1,440 boys T-shirts and 6,000 men's T-shirts, color black. It was requested on this black T-shirt; be written in white letters "I'm black and I'm proud." Below that in brown and white is a likeness of JAMES' BROWN and below that in brown letters the name JAMES: BROWN. He advised there had been some difficulty # lling this order, as this company did not have a credit rating. He stated he preferred not to have the lettering done in his shop and planned to send these T-shirts to Southern Creators, 424 West Third Street, Charlotte, N. C., for the screen printing. He said he had been in telephonic conversation with R. O. CANNON, who was the president of Carrolene Company, who indicated this would be only a preliminary order and that they planned a high volume of sales of this T-shirt in various chain stores.

said he may discontinue working with this company due to their lack of a credit rating and the fact they seemed to have difficulty "getting together."

2> Bureau

2 - Atlanta 🐪 🦢 😘

2 ~ Knoxville 6.8

2'- Charlotte

DBM:rep/

Special Agent in Charge

Assistant Attorney General in Civil Division

BLACK PANTHER PARTY CHARLOTTE, NORTH CAROLINA RACIAL MATTERS

Reference is made to your letter dated June 30, 1969, your file number 145-12-1320, entitled "Ben Chavis," et al v. J. C. Goodman, Jr., et al Civil Action No. 2490 (U.S.D.C. W.D. N.C.)."

Enclosed herewith is one copy each of letters dated June 4 and June 16, 1969, directed to the Assistant Attorney General, Internal Security Division, which set forth the background information in this matter. 在人们的特殊的 · 对阿里斯人士和 · 通知。

For your further information, this matter has been discussed with the United States Attorney in Charlotte, North Carolina, who has indicated that he will represent Special Agent Dean Pearmann in response to the summons served on Special Agent Paarmann.

The enclosures referred to in the June 16, 1969, letter were copies of the complaint and summons issued on June 6, 1969, in United States District Court, Western District of North Carolina, which are already in your possession. REC- 5/05-165706-8

Assistant Attorney General Internal Security Division

Assistant Attorney General Criminal Division

Charlotte (Enclosures - 3) SEE NOTE FOR CHARLOTTE PAGE TWO

5 JUL 10 1969

UECH USEE NOTE PAGE TWO ekw/(8)

366 BECID DON HIEFFORM

TELETYPE UNIT

Assistant Attorney General Civil Division

NOTE TO SAC, CHARLOTTE:

Enclosed herewith is one copy each of Bureau letters to the Department dated June 4 and June 16, 1969, which are self-explanatory. Also enclosed is one copy of departmental letter dated June 30, 1969.

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NOTE:

Informative note dated 7/2/69 advised that the Civil Division of the Department would be furnished copies of letters dated 6/4/69 and 6/16/69 which set forth background information concerning this civil action. A Special Agent of the Charlotte Office has been named as a codefendant in a civil complaint filed at Charlotte, North Carolina, by the Attorney for several individuals affiliated with the Black Panther Party in connection with their arrests and a search of the residence of one of the individuals. The Charlotte Office and the Special Agent named as a defendant played no role in this matter and the arrests and search were conducted by Special Agents of the Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms Division of the Treasury Department in conjunction with the Charlotte Police Department.

Memorandum

DIRECTOR, FBI (105-165706 SUB 8) TO

7/1/69 DATE:

SAC, CHARLOTTE (157-6171) (P)

BLACK PANTHER PARTY (BPP) REVOLUTIONARY CONVENTION 7/18-21/69 RACIAL MATTERS



Re Bureau letter to Albany dated 5/23/69; and San Francisco airtel to Bureau dated 6/10/69.

A canvass of Charlotte informants familiar with Black Panther Party affairs has failed to reveal anyone who is from North Carolina planning to attend captioned convention.

advised that the convention has been mentioned by persons at Charlotte, North Carolina; however, no one plans to attend due to the lack of finances.

has advised that in contacts at Winston-Salem and Greensboro, North Carolina, there was some interest in the convention. However, no one apparently has an invitation and ERIC PATRICK BROWN, the self-described area captain for Greensboro, is presently

It is noted that there are no known chartered Black Panther Party groups in North Carolina at the present time. Therefore, it is unlikely that any group will receive a specific invitation; however, Charlotte will remain alert to any developments and keep the Bureau and San Francisco

105-165706-8-47 (2)- Bureau

2 - San Francisco (157-3872)-X-115

2 - Charlotte

REC-53 JUL 3 1969

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Date: 6/19/69

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(Priority)

Mr. Delanch
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Bishop
Mr. Casper
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Mr. Conrad
Mr. Felt
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tayel
Mr. Trotter
Tele Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

TO:

DIRECTOR, FBI (105-165706 Sub 8)

EROM:

SAC, SAN FRANCISCO (157-2861)

SUBJECT: CBLACK PANTHER PARTY - CHARLOTTE DIVISION

RM - (BPP 👌

The following information was furnished by a highly confidential source whose information should not be disseminated without adequate paraphrasing, on 6/17/69:

An unidentified man in the North Carolina area advised that he was sending a report to the distribution Office of the newspaper as to what was going on down there. The man claimed that they had found "some informants in the group," and also JOSE GONZALVEZ, from Conn., had been down there but the caller claimed that he had ostracized him and told him to stay away.

The caller last saw GONZALVEZ in Fayetteville. The caller also said that they still had some papers on hand.

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The above is furnished to Charlotte to give them the current information on BPP activities in that Division.

(2)- Bureau

2 - Charlotte

1 - San Francisco

WAC/pae

(5)

REC- 24 105-165706-8-41

12 JUN 27 1989

BJUL 2

Special Agent in Charge

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Date: 6/10/69

Transmit the following in

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(Type in plaintext or code)

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TO:

DIRECTOR, FBI (105-165706)

FROM:

SAC. CHARLOTTE (157-6171) (P)

BLACK PANTHER PARTY

RM

Re Charlotte airtel to the Bureau dated 5/29/69.

Enclosed for the Bureau are two copies each of a complaint and summons issued 6/6/69 in USDC, WDNC.

On 6/9/69, SA L. DEAN PAARMANN of the Charlotte Office of the FBI was served with a summons by a Deputy United States Marshal indicating that he had been named as one of the defendants in a civil action filed on 6/6/69with the Clerk of USDC. WDNC.

This complaint and motion for temporary restitution order and a motion of preliminary injunction alleged that SA PAARMANN participated in a raid along with 40 other aw enforcement officers at a residence in Charlotte, N. C., on 5/27/69.

The Bureau was afforded affidavit executed by SA PAARMANN on 5/29/69 categorically denying any such participation.

It should be noted that the plaintiff in this matter specifically named representatives of the FBI; Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms Division of the U. S. Treasury Department; a Special Agent of the N. C. State Bureau of Investigation; the chief and members of the Mecklenburg Co., N. C., PD; and the chief and certain members of the Charlotte, N. C., PD.

As a result of this action, a meeting was held on the afternoon of 6/9/69 with USA JAMES O. ISRAEL, JR., WDNC, Asheville, N. C., and representatives of the defendants in this matter. ENCLOSURE THACHED

2)	Bureau	(Enc.	(RM)	

- Charlotte

2 JUN 11 1969

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JUN231969 ial Agent in Charge

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Vio

CE 157-6171

(Priority)

Mr. ISRAEL advised that he intended to telephonically contact the U. S. Department of Justice in Washington for any assistance they could offer and also to personally contact the legal counsel for the IRS in Atlanta, Ga.; the AG for the State of North Carolina; and the Mecklenburg County and Charlotte City attorneys.

Mr. ISRAEL indicated some concernaregarding this complaint because of the possibility that U. S. District Court Judge JAMES P. MC MILLAN appears to have been in contact with the plaintiffs' attorney several times within the past week.

The plaintiffs' attorney, Mr. GEORGE S. DALY, Volume 1 and 1 local ACLU lawyer, is well known in the Charlotte area for his representation of a group of hippie-type individuals who have been involved in certain local violations and who were successful in obtaining a restraining order against so-called police harrassment.

240 Z40

Special Agent in Charge



FEOERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION FOIPA DELETEO PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

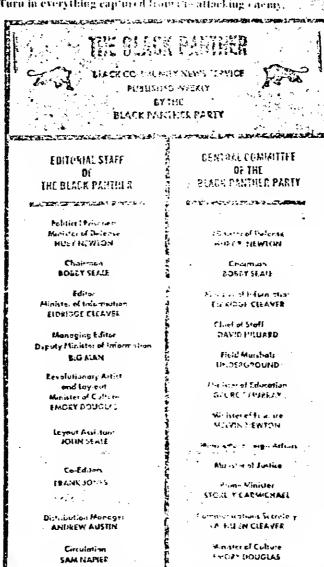
	Page(s) withheld entirely at this location in the file. One or more of the following statements, where indicated, explain this deletion.
	Deleted under exemption(s) with no segregable material available for release to you.
	Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to you or the subject of your request.
	Information pertained only to a third party. Your name is listed in the title only.
	Document(s) originating with the following government agency(ies), was/were forwarded to them for direct response to you.
	Page(s) referred for consultation to the following government agency(ies); as the information originated with them. You will be advised of availability upon return of the material to the FBI.
<u>/</u>	Page(s) withheld for the following reason(s): Court documents exempt from duclosure
	For your information:
	The following number is to be used for reference regarding these pages: 105-165706-8-40 Inclosure

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- 2) Pay fairly for what you has
- 3) Return everything you turran.
- 4) Pay for anything you damage.
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- 6) Do not damage property or crops of the poor, oppressed masses
- 7) Do not take liberties with wood n. 199
- Bi If we over have to take captives do not ill frept them.

3 MAIN RULES OF DISCIPLINE

It Obey orders in all your actions

- 2) On not take a single needle or a piece of thread from the poor and § oppressed masses.
- 3) Turn in everything captured from the affecting enemy,



The editorial and production cost of the BLASE PARTHER Newspaper have increased considerably. We would like to continue increasing weekly circulation and our national and international news coverage. To do this we aced just sid. Please send as nows items, general intermation, and contributions. Halp us distribute and get new entwiefptions to the Blank frantlienewspaper, Submit to.

BLACK PANTLES MENVSPAPER 3106 SHATTUCK AVE. BERKELEY, CALIF.

5. We want educa: a for our people that exposes the true nature of this decadent American society. We want education that teaches us our true history and our role in the present-day society.

We believe in an educational system that will give to our people a knowledge of self. If a man does not have knowledge of himself and his position in society and the world, then he has litt that the neighbor of relate to paything clse.

6. We want all black men to be exempt from infinary service.

We believe that Black people should not be bound to fight in the inditary service to defend a racist government that does not protect us. We will not fight and kill other people of color in the world who, like brack people, are being victimized by the white creast government of America. We will protect ourselves from the force and victorice of the racist police and the racist military, by whatever means these ary.

7. We want an immediate end to POLICE BRUTALITY and MURDER of black people.

We believe we can end police brutan in our black community by a ganizing black self-defense groups that are dedicated to defending our black community from racist police opposition and brutality. The Second Amendment to the Constitution of the United States gives a right to bear arms. We therefore believe that all black people should arm themselves for self-defense.

8. We want freedom for all black men held is federal, state annety and city prisons and jails.

We believe that all black people should be released from the many jails and prisons because they have not received a fair and impartial trial.

9. We want all black people when brought to trial to be tried in court by a jury of their peer group or people from their black communities, as defined by the Constitution of the United States.

We believe that the courts should follow the United States Constitution so that black people will receive fair trials. The 14th Amendment of the U.S. Constitution gives a man a right to be tried by his peer group. A peer is a person from a similar economic, social, jedgious, geographical, environmental, historical and recial background. To go this the court will be forced to select a jury from the black community from which the black defendant came. We have been, and are being tried by all-white juries that have no understanding of the "average reasoning man" of the black community.

10. We want land, bread, housing, education, clothing, justice and peace. And as our major political objective, a United Nations-supervised pieble-cite to be held throughout the black colony in which only black colonial subjects will be allowed to participate, for the purpose of determining the will of black people as to their national destiny.

When, in the course of human events it becomes necessary for one people to dissolve the political bands where these connected them with another, and to assume, among the powers of the earth, the separate and equal station to which the laws of nature and nature's God entitle them, a decent respect to the opinions of mankind requires that they should declare the causes which impel them to the separation.

We hold these truths to be self-evident, that all men are created equal; that they are endowed by their Creator with certain analienable rights: that among these are life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness. That, to secure these rights, governments are instituted among men, deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed; that, whenever any form of government becomes destructive of these ends, it is the right of the people to alter or to abolish it, and to institute a new government, laying its foundation on such principles, and organizing its powers in such form, as to them shall seem most likely to effect their safely and happiness. Prudence, indeed, will dictate that governments long established should not be changed for light and transient causes; and accordingly, all experience hath shown, that mankind are more disposed to suffer, while evils are sufferable, than to right themselves in abolishing the forms to which they are accustomed. But, when a long train of abuses and unsurpations, pursuing invariably the same object, evicees a design to reduce them under absolute despotism, it is their right, it is their duty, to throw off such government, and to provide new guards for their future scentity.

RULES OF THE BLACK PANTHER PARTY

CENTRAL HEADQUARTERS OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA..

Every member of the BLACK PANEIFER PARTY throughout this country of racist America most about to these rules as functional members of this party. CENTRAL COMMITTEE members. CENTRAL COMMITTEE members. CENTRAL STAFFS, and LOCAL NI AFLS, including all captains subordinate to either national, state, and local hadership of the BLACK PANTHER PARTY will enforce these rules, langth of suspension in other discriplinary action necessary for violation of these rules will depend on national decisions by national, state in state area, and local commutees and stalls where said role in rules of the III ACK PANTHER PARTY WERE VIOLATED.

Every member of the party must know these verbatum by locally. And apply them delty 1 at home order one treper than a substitution of they are counter-revolutionary and are also subjected to suspension by the BLACK PANTHER PARTY.

THE RULES ARE:

- 1. No party member can have nurcritics ut weed in his possession white doing party work.
- 2. Any party member found shouling ourcuties will be expelled from this party.
 - J. No party member can be DRL NK while doing daily party work.
- 4. No purely member will violate rules relating to office work, general meetings of the BLACK PANTHER PARTY, and meetings of the BLACK PANTHER PARTY ANYWHERE.
- 5. No party member will USE, POINT, or FIRE a weapon of any kind nanecessarily or accidentally at anyone.
- 6. No party member can join may other many force other than the BLACK LIBERATION ARMY.
- 7. No party member can have a weapon in his possession white DRUNK or loaded off narcotics in word.
- 8. No party member will commit any crimes against other party members or BLACK people at all, and cannot steal in take from the people, not even a needle or a piece of thread.
- 9. When arrested BLACK PANTITER MEMBERS will give only name, address, and will sign nothing. Legal first aid must be understood
- 10. The Ten Point Program and platform of the BLACK PANTHER PARTY must be known and mules took by each flarty number.
 - 13. Party Communications must be National and Local.
- 12. The 10-10-program should by known by all members and also understood by all members.
- 13. All Finance officers will operate under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Pinance
 - 14. Each person will submit a report of daily work
- Each Sub-Section Leader Section Leader, Gentenant, and Captain must submit Daily reports of work.
- 16. All Panthers must learn to aperate and service weapons correctly.
- 17. All Leadership personnel who expel a member must submit this information to the Editor of the Newspaper, so that it will be published in the paper and will be known by all chapters and branches.
- 18. Pullical Education Classes our mandators for general member-
- 17. Only office personnel assigned to respective offices each day should be there. All others are to sell papers and do Political work out in the community, including Captains, Section Leaders, etc.
- 20. COMMUNICATIONS all chapters must submit weekly reports in writing to the National Headquarters.
- 21. All Branches must implement First Aid and/or Medical Cadres.

 22. All Chapters, Branches, and components of the BEACK PANTHER PARTY must submit a monthly binancial Report to the Minis-
- try of Finance, and also the Central Committee.

 23. Excryane in a leadership position must read no less than two hours per day to keep abrenst of the changing political situation.
- 24. No chapter or hearest shall accept grants, poverty linds, moory or any other aid from any government agency without contacting the National Headquarters.
- 25. All chapters must adhere to the policy and the identity and down by the CENTRAL COMMITTEE, of the HEACK PANTHER PARTY.
- 26. All Branches must salmut weekly reports in writing to their respective Compters.

1. We want treedom. We want power to determine the destiny of our Black Community.

We believe that black people will not be free until we are able to determine our destiny



FREE HUEY

Minister of Defense, Black Ponther Party

2. We want full employment for our propte.

We believe that the federal government is responsible and obligated to give every man employment or a guaranteed income. We believe that if the white American businessmen will not give full employment, then the means of production should be taken from the husinessmen and placed in the community so that the people of the community can organize and employ all of its people and give a high standard of living

3. We want an end to the robbery by the white man of our Black Com-

The believe that this racist government has robbed us and now we are semanding the overdue debt of forty acres and two mules. Forly acres and two mules was promised 100 years upo as restitution for slave labor and mass murder of black people. We will accept the payment in currency which will be distributed to our many communities. The Germans are now aiding the Jews in Israel for the genocide of the Jewish people. The Germans murdered six million Jews. The American racist has taken part in the slaughter of over fifty million black people; therefore, we feel that this is a modest demand that we make.

4. We want decent housing, fit for shelter of human beings.

We believe that if the white haddords will not give decent housing to our black community, then the housing and the land should be neade into cooperatives so that our community with government aid, can build and make decent housing for its people.

June 16. 1969

Attorney General Internal Security Division

Director, FBI

BLACK PANTHER PARTY CHARLOTTE, NORTH CAROLINA RACIAL MATTERS

Reference is made to our letter dated June 4, 1969, in which it was set forth that Special Agent L. Dean Paarmann of the Charlotte, North Carolina, Division of this Bureau denied that he had in any way participated in the arrests of the clients represented by Attorney George S. Daly. The other allegations made by Attorney Daly against Special Agent Paarman were also denied.

Enclosed herewith for your information is one copy each of a complaint and summons issued on June 6, 1969, in the United States District Court, Western District of North Carolina In this regard, on June 9, 1969, Special Agent Paarmann was served with the summons by a Deputy United States Marshal inasmuch as Special Agent Paarmann had been named as one of the defendants in a civil action filed on June 6, 1969, with the Clerk of the United States District Court.

Following the receipt of the above-mentioned summons, a meeting was held on the afternoon of June 9, 1969, with United States Attorney James O. Israel, Jr., Western District of North Carolina at Asheville, North Carolina. During this meeting, Mr. Israel advised that it was his intention to telephonically contact a representative of the Justice Department in Washington, D. C., for assistance concerning this matter.

Enclosures - 2

l - Assistant Attorney General (Enclosures 4 Criminal Division

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The Assistant Attorneys General of the Internal Scou Sapprised by 12

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1969 ELETYPE UNIT

NOTE CONTINUED:

by Attorney at Law, George S. Daly on 5/28/69 that he desired to lodge a complaint concerning the FBI's involvement in an illegal search of the residence of his clients at Charlotte, North Carolina, which took place on 5/27/69. He also complained that the FBI had kept this residence under surveillance and that Special Agent Paarmann had been specifically involved in the arrests of his clients. Attorney Daly was informed that the FBI took no part in the raid, in the arrests or in the search of the residence. He was also informed that the FBI had not participated in a surveillance of this residence. He ignored these explanations and stated his intention to obtain a court order restraining law enforcement agencies, including the FBI, from harassing his clients. Daly obtained these court orders on 6/6/69 and SA Paarmann was served with a summons on 6/9/69 calling for an answer to the complaint within 20 days. Matter discussed with local U.S. Attorney; to contact the Justice Department. A copy of the complaint and summons being furnished to the Justice Department.



FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

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		(BUDED 6/16/69)	
		Re Director's airtel, 5/15/69.	
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time to expose them. Said that should have joined the BPP before he left Calif. as he would now understand the situation confronting him. Then went on to say that he was reluctant to expose these cats" because of his efforts to enlist the black people of the south in his welfare rights campaign. The above information is sent for the information of Charlotte to indicate that an indicidual named is interested in the BPP activities taking place in the Charlotte area. The information of this source should not be disseminated without adequate parapharsing.